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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

All the vessels of the flying squadron will be coaled by noon to-day. —— The movement of troops of the U. S. army South will begin Monday. —— The U. S. consulate at Malaga, Spain, attacked by a mob. —— The Senate adopted the Turpie resolution providing for the recognition of the Cuban republic, and the Senate committee resolutions with the Turpie amendment were adopted—67 to 31. —— The Spanish and Austrian ambassadors in London cling to the delusion that they will be able to arrange a compromise that will avert war between Spain and the United States; other members of the diplomatic corps there have abandoned all expectation of effectual mediation. —— The British government refuses to entertain propositions from Spain and Austria for mediation. —— British steamer Hampstead, loading coal at Lambert's Point, Va., for Cape Verde islands, is thought to have been purchased by the U. S. government. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 2 per cent., last loan at 2 per cent.; cotton steady—middling 6 5-16c.; flour stronger, but quotably higher; wheat—spot stronger; No. 2 red $1 10; corn—spot firm; No. 2 36½c; rosin easy; strained, common to good, $1 42½@1 45; spirits turpentine steady at 30@30½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, D. C., April 16.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 56 deg.; 8 P.M., 68 deg.; maximum, 74 deg.; minimum, 50 deg.; mean, 62 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.60 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. 5.4 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the 24 hours ending at 8 A. M., April 16:

Showers occurred in the central and southeast portions of North Carolina and in the New Orleans and Galveston districts. The average maximum temperature ranged from 60 degrees for the Wilmington district to 80 degrees for Galveston.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair; warmer; southwesterly winds.

Port Almanac—April 17.

Sun Rises	5.24 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.35 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 11 M.
High Water at Southport	5.27 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	7.57 P. M.

Mrs. Lease threatens to stump Boston next month. What has Boston done to Mary Elizabeth?

Mark Hanna isn't playing the American flag as industriously now as he did during the McKinley campaign.

It is said that Minister Woodford never formally presented our ultimatum to Spain. The reason probably is that he had no ultimatum to present.

The beet sugar crop of last year amounted to 180,000,000 pounds, double that of the year before. If this rate of increase be kept up for a few years we will soon be raising our own sweetnin'.

Last year broke the record of the coal output for this country, which amounted to 198,250,000 short tons, valued at $198,100,000, a fraction less than $1 a ton, which also broke the record for cheapness.

The delicate sense of the touch of some blind persons was illustrated a few days ago, when a blind man identified his dead wife in the New York morgue by placing his hands on the face of the corpse.

The fellows who participated in that racket in Congress the other day had the advantage of the Austrian Reichsrath. They could jaw back at each other in one language, while the Reichsrathers had to employ sixteen.

Sir Mark Anthony Truite, who has just died in Ireland at the age of ninety years, had worked for over fifty years and spent three fortunes in trying to perfect a flying machine. His money flew, but his machines wouldn't.

Mr. Warrington, a Delaware farmer, aged 74 years, enjoys the unique distinction for one of his years of never having taken a dose of medicine of any kind. Perhaps he took it in broken doses, or had a spite against the doctors.

Sumytown, Pa., had a big blowout a few nights ago. A powder mill containing 30,000 pounds of powder blew up, and caused a racket that was heard for thirty miles around. It happened at night and although the houses for miles around were shaken, glass broken, and some buildings badly damaged, no person seems to have been hurt.

THE CUBAN SITUATION.

There is little to add to our frequent comments on the Cuban situation. We are very close to war; but we do not surrender our conviction that there will be no active war, even though a hostile demonstration may be made on Havana this week.

Spain has made no preparations for a defence of Havana. Every war vessel she has worthy of the name is three thousand miles from the colony she says she will fight to the death to retain. Cut off from a supply of coal, what could she accomplish even if she had her warships near Cuba?

The money power has not yet lost its grip. Hanna, Elkins, McCook, Gage, Long and others are still at work. The Pope, too, and some of the European Powers are to be heard from again in the interests of peace, and it is actually a possibility that there is an understanding that the United States will occupy Havana without a fight, and that a movement will then be inaugurated to let Spain down as gently as possible in abandoning her sovereignty in Cuba.

Spain will give up Cuba, and the island will be finally independent without actual war. This is our conviction.

There are some surprises just ahead for those who continue to believe that there is to be war—actual war.

The "Flying Squadron" commanded by Commodore Schley, is composed of the battleships Massachusetts and Texas, and the armed cruisers Brooklyn, Columbia and Minneapolis. They are all crack ships. The Massachusetts is said to be the most formidable battleship afloat, and the Columbia the fleetest cruiser.

The Philadelphia *North American* didn't like McKinley's quoting Grover Cleveland, and remarks that "it might have been better could President McKinley have avoided quoting precedents from Cleveland." It might have been better, too, if he had avoided running so closely in the Cleveland rut, and carrying out the Cleveland policy.

Hon. Grover Cleveland says Mr. McKinley is pursuing a wise course. It may be incidentally remarked that Mr. McKinley quoted Mr. Cleveland in justification of the course he was pursuing. In as much also as Mr. McKinley has been driving in the Cleveland rut it is quite natural that Cleveland should approve.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—To the public.
Palace Bakery—Fruit.
A. Shrier—Shoes, hats.
D. O'Connor—For rent.
Hotel Stewart—Goldsboro.
Star Office—Printer wanted.
Vollers & Hashagen—Cigars.
Mercer & Evans—Fine shoes.
Notice—Democratic primaries.
A Boy—Wanted at Star office.
Opera House—Goethe's "Faust."
To Life Insurance Co. of Virginia.
C. W. Polvogt Co—New black silks.
Masonic—Meeting Concord Chapter.
W. B. Cooper—Winter wheat flour.
W. E. Worth & Co.—To the public.
J. M. McGowan—Great discovery.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

For Rent—Rooms.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.
Wanted—Situat'ns for young ladies.

To Deliver an Address To-night.

Arch Deacon Elliott H. Thompson and wife arrived in the city yesterday and registered at the Orton. Rev. Mr. Thompson has been for many years an Episcopal missionary to China and will to-night deliver an address at the joint missionary service in St. James' Church. His theme will be "Missionary Work in China." He and Mrs. Thompson have been in this country about four months and expect to return to their work very soon.

Justice Borneman's Court.

In Justice G. W. Borneman's court yesterday two culprits were arraigned. They were Agnes Hall and Ida Jones, both colored. The former submitted to a charge of disorderly conduct, and the other admitted that she had been guilty of a trivial offence. Both were released upon the payment of costs.

Cheap Advertising.

If you wish to advertise at the lowest rates try the department in the STAR, on fourth page, headed "Business Locals." Situations or help wanted, articles lost or found, rooms or houses wanted or to rent, business opportunities, and many other short miscellaneous advertisements are taken for that department at one cent per word for each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents for each insertion.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

LOCAL DOTS.

—See fourth page for other new advertisements.

—Over 2200 men are now employed at the Norfolk navy yard.

—During the past week five marriage licenses were issued; one white and four colored.

—A license was issued yesterday for the marriage of a colored couple, Bristow Elliott to Jane Gregg.

—'Squire John J. Fowler yesterday required William Bazon, colored, to pay the costs in a case of disorderly conduct.

—Cotton on this market yesterday was quoted at 5¾ cents—an advance of one-eighth of a cent over the price on the day before.

—The blue and white Foulard gown outlined in our fashion plate to-day must be a beauty. The quantity of material required is given in the descriptive text.

—Justice Bunting yesterday suspended judgment on the payment of costs in two submissions for disorderly conduct. Charles Bazon, colored, was the offender in both cases.

—Some of the railroad employes have had their orders, directing them not to give to the public anything they hear over the wires regarding the movements of soldiers and war supplies.

—Charles Bazon, colored, was lodged in jail yesterday in default of a $50 bond to keep the peace for 60 days. The warrant was sworn out by A. R. Elliott, colored, in Justice John J. Fowler's Court.

—Beginning to-morrow night the United Charities Association, a colored organization, will give a week's bazaar in the City Hall. There will be a grand march and cake walk and other attractions.

—Mr. Addison Hewlett, of Masonboro Sound, yesterday shipped to Brown & MacMahon, Philadelphia, a barrel of cauliflower—the first shipment of the season. He also shipped a barrel of beets to the same firm.

—It is probable that Prof. Chas. W. Edwards, now of Columbian University, will lecture here some time in May, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A Lecture Committee. It will be a scientific lecture, treating especially upon wireless telegraphy, liquid air, etc. He proposes to demonstrate many recent discoveries by means of interesting experiments.

Store Robbed.

The display window of Mr. J. L. Winner's jewelry store, on Second street, between Princess and Market, was broken into Friday night and relieved of several watches and other articles of jewelry, amounting in value to $50 or $60. The jewelry stolen was that in a small compartment separated from the rest of the window. All the contents of this were removed. A hole in the window had been made large enough for a man to put his arm through.

Mr. Winner will give Chief of Police Melton a description of everything stolen, and it will be surprising if the guilty party is not caught up with.

The jewelry must have been stolen after 5 o'clock yesterday morning, for when officer C. H. Gilbert left his beat at a quarter to 5 o'clock the window had not been broken.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—38 bales cotton.
W., C. & A. Railroad—71 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 17 bbls rosin, 38 bbls tar.
Carolina Central Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine.
C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—29 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 60 bbls rosin, 5 bbls tar.
Steamer W. T. Daggett—1 cask spirits turpentine, 6 bbls rosin, 9 bbls tar.
Steamer E. A. Hawes—700 bbls rosin.
Smith's raft—187 bbls rosin, 50 bbls 50 bbls tar.
Williams' raft—192 bbls rosin.
Morton's raft—64 bbls tar.
Total—Cotton, 138 bales; spirits turpentine, 12 casks; rosin, 1,162 bbls; tar, 166 bbls.

A Healthy Showing.

Dr. McMillan's report as superintendent of health shows three deaths, all colored people, during the past week. There were twelve births—two white and ten colored. There is not a quarantine of any kind in the city and Dr. McMillan says the health of the city is remarkably good for the season. There is, he says, practically no sickness. He is much pleased at the sanitary condition of the city. Barring paper scattered about, there is, he says, nothing of an unsanitary character in the streets.

Dr. Worth's Missionary Work.

A letter received yesterday from Dr. George Worth, formerly of this city, but now a missionary in China, gives an excellent report of the work being accomplished by Dr. Worth and his co-laborers. He now has a class of 50 Chinamen seeking salvation. The Doctor wrote to Secretary T. C. Diggs and made inquiry as to the progress of the Y. M. C. A. here.

Suit for Damages.

A suit is brought against the Cape Fear Transportation Company in Justice R. H. Bunting's Court for the recovery of a money equivalent for damages sustained by a colored woman who was gored by a cow in the vicinity of the company's wharf at the foot of Chesnut street. W. E. Henderson, colored, is attorney for the plaintiff.

MONITOR NANTUCKET

Government Officials Getting the Old Warship in Readiness for Service.

ARE RUSHING THE WORK.

It Will Not Cease Day or Night Until All Needed Repairs Are Completed—Additions to Be Made to the Armament.

The war excitement which has prevailed here for some weeks was given a local flavor yesterday by the movements of the *Nantucket*. It became noised about early in the day that a naval officer was in close consultation with Commander Geo. L. Morton. Later the report was circulated that the officials were after a tug which was to tow the monitor over to this side of the river. And when shortly after 6 o'clock the *Nantucket*, in tow of the *Navassa*, assisted by the *Imperial*, was slowly pulled up by the Custom House wharf there was a crowd of 300 or 400 people watching the performance.

Chief Engineer A. V. Zane, of the United States Navy, arrived, in the city yesterday morning over the Atlantic Coast Line and after finding Commander Geo. L. Morton went directly to the Wilmington Iron Works to negotiate with reference to the repairs to be made on the monitor. No absolute contract could, in the nature of the case be made, as the Government is after getting the work done and getting it done quick, rather than driving a hard bargain. Messrs. Burr & Bailey were simply told to go to work and use all haste.

Accordingly at 12 o'clock a force of machinists was put to work on the engines of the monitor. After to-morrow the work will not cease day or night until all needed repairs have been made. Chief Engineer Zane will remain here during the eight or nine days that it will take to make the repairs and the operations will have his personal supervision. An officer of similar rank has been sent from Washington to superintend the repairs to the *Passaic*, another of the old monitors, which is stationed at Brunswick, Georgia.

The repairs, so far in sight, will be altogether to the machinery, but a naval constructor is expected here daily to put carpenters to work on the deck. Then an ordnance officer will come and see what the *Nantucket* needs in the way of armament before she will be on a war footing. There is nothing certain as to what addition will be made further than that a powerful battery of rapid-fire guns will be added.

After all the internal repairs to the *Nantucket* are made she will be hauled up to have her hull cleaned and painted. It is feared that it will not be possible to dock her here; if not, she will go to the government dry dock at Port Royal, S. C.

Cable for the Government.

The A. C. L. train arriving here last evening at 5.50 had an extra express car containing ten thousand pounds of cable for the use of the government. The cable was wound on huge spools and is probably for immediate use in connecting the submarine mines at the mouth of the river with the shore.

GOETHE'S "FAUST."

At the Opera House Next Thursday Evening.

The announcement of the coming of "Faust" on next Thursday evening, the 21st will be hailed with delight by all the amusement loving people of this city. Twice heretofore has the dramatized version of Goethe's sublime poem been presented here, and the great moral lesson it teaches has undoubtedly become indelibly stamped upon the memory of all who were fortunate enough to see these grand productions. Mr. Jno. Griffith who interprets "Mephisto" is a stranger to our people, but is a man who has achieved wide reputation in this character, especially in the West. His conception of Mephisto acted is criticised as being a most conscientious and scholarly one. The piece will be presented with all its spectacular accessories; the Brocken Scene, the Electrical Duel, the Descent into Hades, etc. Mr. Griffith comes with a well balanced company and will, no doubt, be greeted with a large house.

Knocked Down by a Car.

The 7-year-old son of William Guion, colored, narrowly escaped death yesterday afternoon by being run over by street car No. 5. The boy was in the street in front of his father's dwelling, on Castle street, between Second and Third, and as the car was passing, suddenly started across the track in front of the car. Before the motorman could put on the brakes the car had knocked the boy down and had advanced several feet over its body. The only injury sustained by the boy was several bruises about the face and back. Much credit is due the motorman, Mr. Jackson, for his prompt action in stopping his car.

Colonial Dames.

Mrs. George W. Kidder, Mrs. Clayton Giles and Miss Carrie Meares will leave to-morrow evening for Washington, D. C., to attend the Annual Convention of the Colonial Dames. These ladies have won places of deserved prominence in the Colonial Dames, and the last number of the New York *Success* contained excellent likenesses of Mrs. Giles and Mrs. Kidder.

WILMINGTON CONVOCATION.

Now in Session at Trenton—Dr. Strange and Rev. Edward Wooten Returned Yesterday.

Dr. Robert Strange, of St. James' Church, and Rev. Edward Wooten, Diocese evangelist, returned yesterday from Trenton, Jones county, where they had been in attendance upon the Wilmington Convocation, Diocese of Eastern North Carolina, which convened at Trenton Wednesday morning and will adjourn to-night.

It was impossible for Dr. Strange and Rev. Mr. Wooten to remain during the entire session. They report quite a satisfactory session. One of the most important matters discussed was the Diocese missionary work, for the continuance of which ample appropriations were made.

The convocation was presided over by Bishop Watson, and Rev. Edward Wooten preached Friday morning and Dr. Strange Friday night. Ill health prevented the attendance of Dr. Carmichael, of St. John's Church.

MR. R. H. SYKE'S TRIBUTE.

He Writes, in the University Magazine, of the Late David Gaston Worth's Good Offices.

The last issue of the North Carolina *University Magazine* contains an excellent sketch of the life and character of the late David G. Worth of this city. It is from the pen of Mr. Robt. Hiden Sykes, of Wilmington, who is a law student at the University. The frontispiece of the magazine is an excellent likeness of Mr. Worth.

In the article Mr. Sykes makes especial reference to Mr. Worth's good offices toward the University. He tells how Mr. Worth contributed $1,000 toward the endowment of the chair of History, and $500 toward the erection of the Alumni hall and of the establishment of the Worth prize for the best thesis in philosophy. Mr. Sykes concluded his article with the declaration that the University "Memorial tablet of David Gaston Worth shall tell the tale of the well spent life of a private citizen who performed every duty and who left an honored name to posterity and his Alma Mater. And his memory shall live with them all."

Three Germans This Week.

Three of the most notable events in Wilmington social circles during the coming week, other than the Coxe-Potter and the MacRae-Davis marriages, will be the germans on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday nights. On Monday night L'Agile German Club will give a german which will be led by Mr. Warren S. Johnson. On Tuesday night, Mr. Richard Bradley will lead a german for L'Etoile Cotillon Club. The german on Wednesday night will be impromptu and it is not yet announced who will be the leader. Haywood's band of Raleigh will furnish the music for each event. Germania hall will be used. The dance Wednesday night will be in honor of the MacRae-Davis bridal party.

Serious Accident Averted.

Policeman Toomer, colored, reported having averted a serious accident at the corner of Front and Orange streets yesterday afternoon. He says a lady, accompanied by a little child, turned the corner, driving a horse attached to a buggy, when the animal became unmanageble and started for a run. Just as the horse was about to cross the sidewalk and was on the eve of dashing the buggy and occupants against an electric light pole, he (Toomer) seized the horse by the bit and succeeded in stopping him. He did not learn the lady's name.

For San Domingo.

The schooner *Sarah D. J. Rawson*, which has been at Southport for the past few weeks waiting for the war excitement to blow over, sailed on night before last for San Domingo. Capt. French, who came here on the *Rawson*, doesn't start to San Domingo with her. Neither does his mate or his steward. They all left last night for their homes in the North. Capt. Murphy, a new master sent down from New York, and a new mate and steward, arrived Friday to take the places vacated by the others.

Baptist Old Ladies' Home.

The third Friday in each month is donation day at the Baptist Old Ladies' Home. This is a worthy charity supported by the First Baptist Church. There are at present five inmates, two of whom are not able to do anything towards their own support. The ladies of the church have prayer meeting at the Home every Friday afternoon.

The following ladies sent packages this week: Mrs. Divine, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Woodrow, Mrs. Clemmons, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Platt, Mrs. Page, Mrs. Morrill, Miss Whitney, Mrs. McDaniel, Mrs. Bradey, Mrs. Wescott, Mrs. Byerly, Mrs. Gore, Mrs. Pritchard and Mrs. Keathley.

For a "White Man's Rally."

Mr. Jas. W. Monroe, as president of the Second Regiment band, received a letter yesterday from Laurinburg asking if the band could be secured May 12th to furnish music for a "White Man's Rally" in that town. The letter was signed by Messrs. F. L. Bundy, Thos. W. Parker and Dr. A. M. Herron. Mr. Monroe has written these gentlemen that he will lay the matter before the band boys Tuesday night, and he thinks it very probable that they will agree to attend.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. H. C. Otten, of Charlotte, is in the city.

—Mr. O. E. Burton, of Hub, is in the city.

—Mr. Milton Yarborough, of Hamlet, spent last night in the city.

—Prof. High Long, of Southport, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

—Mr. Walter Lassiter, of Winston, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon.

—Mr. J. A. Cavenaugh, of Hallsboro, was a welcome visitor at this office yesterday.

—Mrs. C. W. Woodward returned last evening from a visit to relatives at Rocky Mount.

—Mr. D. Getaz, a well known contractor from Knoxville, is registered at The Orton.

—The STAR had a pleasant call yesterday from one of its Maxton friends, Mr. J. B. Sellers.

—Mr. Frank Wooten, assistant to Mr. H. L. Fentress, the druggist, left yesterday to spend a short while visiting relatives in Marion, S. C.

—Mrs. G. M. Tolson, late of this city but now of Hertford, Perquimans county, arrived in the city yesterday to visit her son, Mr. Cuthbert Martin.

—Mr. Eugene W. Barnes, representing Messrs. Snow & Co., produce commission merchants of Boston, is in the city. The company is represented here by Mr. J. W. Barnes, Jr.

—Messrs. F. S. Coxe and E. P. McKessick, of Asheville, arrived in the city last night. They are here to attend the Coxe-Potter marriage. Mr. McKessick is proprietor of Battery Park Hotel.

—Mr. and Mrs. F. K. Myers who have been in the city, the guests of Mr. Myer's mother, Mrs. C. D. Myers; on Chesnut street, left yesterday for their home in Charleston, S. C., much to the regret of their many friends.

—Messrs. Iseman, Cox, Lane and Sanders, four of the agents of the Immediate Benefit Life Insurance Company, of Baltimore, Md., have gone to Winston-Salem to represent the company there. Mr. E. F. Hanna is now the superintendent, his first assistant being Mr. "Doc" Benton.

—First Sergeant Harrigan and private Askew, of Battery I, U. S. Artillery, Fort Caswell, were in the city yesterday. Sergeant Harrigan wouldn't answer any questions about the fort, but he didn't answer negatively when asked if everything was in readiness for receiving the Spaniards warmly.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

Monument to a Member of the Order to be Unveiled To-day at Oakdale.

The exercises attendant upon the unveiling of the monument to the late Geo. W. Carter at Oakdale Cemetery this afternoon at 3.30 will be of unusual interest. Oakdale always has a crowd of visitors on Sunday afternoons and this afternoon when a ceremony so interesting as that referred to above will be performed, the crowd will of course be still larger than usual. The address by E. S. Martin, Esq., will be a masterly effort. Other interesting features have been provided by a committee of arrangements from Live Oak Camp No. 6, Woodmen of the World, who have been working vigorously to make the affair a success.

The members of the Camp will meet at their hall on Front street between Princess and Market and march in a body to the cemetery.

As stated elsewhere, in an advertisement, the Camp extends to the people generally and to fraternal organizations a cordial invitation to be present.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Rev. Edward Wooten will conduct the service at St. Paul's Episcopal Church at 11 A. M. to-day. No service at night.

Services in St. John's Church to-day (first Sunday after Easter) by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 7:45 and 11 A. M. Sunday school at 4 P. M.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church, Market street corner of Sixth. No morning service Evening service at 8 o'clock, conducted by Rev. G. D. Bernheim. Sunday school at 3.30 P. M. All seats free.

Regular services at St. James' Episcopal Church to-day at 11 A. M. At 8 P. M. there will be a joint missionary service, participated in by all the white Episcopal churches of the city. Public cordially invited. Sunday school at 3.45 P. M.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Fourth street above Bladen street. Morning service and communion at 11 o'clock. No service at night. Sunday school at 9.30 A. M. All seats free, and every person cordially invited.

COLORED CHURCHES.

Regular order of services at Shiloh Baptist Church to-day: Subjects—At 10 o'clock A. M., "The Secret of Transfiguration." Matt. xvii: 9; 3 P. M., "The Faithful Servant of God," Matt. xxv: 12; 7.30 P. M., "The Importance of Life," Gen. ii: 7. All friends are welcome to each service. Rev. W. R. Slade, pastor.

Democratic Primaries.

The call for Democratic primaries is published in the STAR this morning. They will be held on Wednesday the 27th of April between the hours of 1 and 8 P. M. in the city and between 12 M. and 7 P. M. in the country precincts. Five executive committeemen will be elected in each precinct and delegates to the county convention on April 30 will be chosen. A complete list of the poll holders and registrars appears in the call.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

Preparations for Masonic Meetings—Baptist Female University—Populist State Convention.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 16.

The higher order of Masonry will meet in Raleigh May 17th, 18th and 19th, and preparations are now being made to render the occasion a notable one. The Shriners will take the city the 17th. The programme for a grand parade is now complete. There are 25 candidates who will have the mysteries of the order revealed to them. Among the number are Col. A. B. Andrews and Col. J. S. Carr. The Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons will meet the 18th and the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar the 18th and 19th.

Rev. O. L. Stringfield has gone on a tour to Charlotte and that section in the interest of the Baptist Female University. Mr. Stringfield says he wants $125,000 to equip the building so that the institution can be opened in September, and he is confident that the amount will be secured.

Nearly half of Governor Russell's appointees are holding two offices, in violation of the recent decision of the Supreme Court. The list is surprisingly large.

The Populist State Convention meets thirty days hence. That very strong endorsement will be accorded Gov. Russell and his administration, and especially the Governor's policy with reference to corporations, there is no doubt. In the same breath the convention will submit a proposition to the Democrats looking for fusion. One of Butler's close Republican friends states that the Senator is going to make a proposition to the Democrats which he knows that party will not accept. If he thought it would be accepted the proposition would never be made.

An Early Morning Disturbance.

About 2.30 o'clock this morning people in the vicinity of Second street between Market and Princess, were startled by loud and repeated cries of, "I am a Cuban!" "Turn me loose!" "Please don't kill me!" All accompanied by shouts and calls for help. The trouble was all on account of the arrest of two Spanish-Cuban sailors, who were making a disturbance in Bailey's alley. So persistently did one of them resist the officer that he had to be clubbed severely several times while on the way to the City Hall. One or two teeth were knocked out of his mouth in some way before he was safely locked up. Neither of the men would give his name. They insisted that they were Cuban patriots, and should not be imprisoned by Americans. A white woman by the name of Annie Bell Smith was also implicated in the disturbance, and was locked up. The arrests were made by officers Kuhl and Gilbert.

Strawberries and Lettuce.

The Southern Express Company yesterday took out one hundred and four crates of strawberries from points between here and Goldsboro.

The first car of strawberries shipped under refrigeration was sent out yesterday in one of the cars of the California Fruit Transportation Company. It will go through to New York. Three C. F. T. cars of lettuce and other vegetables were also shipped yesterday to houses in Philadelphia.

MARRIAGE AT GOLDSBORO.

Miss Barbara May Isler to Mr. James Kyle, of Fayetteville.

[*Goldsboro Argus of the 15th.*]

All streets and driveways yesterday afternoon in this city led to the Presbyterian Church, where, at 5.30 o'clock one of Goldsboro's most beautiful and truly admired young ladies, Miss Barbara May Isler, was united in marriage to Mr. James Kyle, of Fayetteville.

The fine organ was presided over by Miss Winnie Hicks and Rev. F. W. Farries was the officiating minister.

It was a pink and white wedding, the bridesmaids being attired in these colors, alternating, and the effect was most pleasing. The bride was gowned in a rich dress of white brocade satin and carried a large bunch of bride's roses.

The attendants were Mrs. John Underwood, of Fayetteville; Miss Marie Murchison, of New York; Miss Eliza Williams, of Fayetteville, and Misses Mabel Borden, Annie Isler and Matilda Fort, of Goldsboro. The ushers were Mr. J. D. Black, of Fayetteville; Mr. J. W. Perrin, of Wilmington, and Messrs. Robert Kornegay and H. B. Parker, of Goldsboro. Miss Marie Murchison, of New York, was maid of honor, and Mr. Edwin Kyle, of Fayetteville, brother of the groom, was best man.

After the ceremony and a delightful reception given at the home of the bride's parents, Rev. and Mrs. S. H. Isler, Mr. and Mrs. Kyle left for an extended bridal tour. Afterwards the attendants at the marriage repaired to the armory of the Goldsboro Rifles, where the Comas Club gave a dance in honor of the occasion.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.

COMPANIONS—The regular Convocation will be held Monday evening, April 18th, at 8 o'clock.
W. A. MARTIN, Secretary.
ap 17 1t

ERRAND BOY WANTED.

A boy to act as night messenger is wanted at the
ap 17 3t STAR OFFICE.

A Boy

Who has had experience in feeding Job Presses and Ruling Machines is wanted at the
ap 14 3t STAR OFFICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PRIMARIES.

Notice.

All white electors who intend to vote with us in the next election, and who desire the re-establishment of Anglo Saxon supremacy and honest government in North Carolina, are cordially invited to participate in the Precinct Primaries, which are hereby called to be held on Wednesday, the 27th day of April, between the hours of (1) one and (8) eight o'clock P. M. in the city, and (12) twelve M. and (7) seven o'clock P. M. in the country precincts, for the purpose of electing (5) five Executive Committeemen from each precinct, and delegates to the County Convention, which Convention will meet on Saturday, the 30th day of April, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House in the City of Wilmington, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State, Judicial and Congressional Conventions, and nominating a county ticket. The Primaries called between the above mentioned hours, will be held at the following places, i. e.:

First Ward, at 608 at Fourth street bridge; Second Ward, at Old Court House; Third Ward, at Gibbon Lodge, Fourth Ward, at 121, opposite Front street market; Fifth Ward, at W. H. Biddle's store, corner Castle and Fifth streets.

Cape Fear Township, at Captain Hayes, Bloxsom's store; Harnett Township, at Township House; Masonboro Township, at J. J. Melton's store; Federal Point Township, at Biddle's store.

In the wards containing more than one precinct, boxes for each division will be provided, so that each precinct will vote separately.

The following are appointed poll holders and registrars, and will certify to the County Convention the result of the Primaries:

First Ward, C. H. Ganzer and S. H. Terry, poll holders; F. T. Skipper, registrar. Second Ward, P. Heinsberger, sr., and E. B. King, poll holders; J. C. Munds, registrar. Third Ward, James H. Taylor, jr., and H. J. Gerken, poll holders; E. P. Johnson, registrar. Fourth Ward, F. W. Kerchner and John Haar, poll holders; W. B. McKoy, registrar. Fifth Ward, J. W. Branch and J. W. Millis, poll holders; R. H. McKoy, registrar.

Cape Fear Township, J. T. Kerr and Sam. Blossom, poll holders; James Cowan, registrar. Harnett Township, W. F. Alexander and B. B. Humphrey, poll holders; S. J. Jones, registrar. Masonboro Township, J. J. Melton and C. C. McKennie, poll holders; Charles Craig, registrar. Federal Point Township, John Biddle and H. S. Taylor, poll holders; W. D. Rhodes, registrar.

Primaries are entitled to the following representation in the County Convention:

First Ward, First Precinct, 6 delegates; Second Precinct, 4 delegates; Third Precinct, 3 delegates; Fourth Precinct, 1 delegate; Fifth Precinct, 1 delegate. Second Ward, 10 delegates, Third Ward, First Precinct, 10 delegates; Second Precinct, 7 delegates. Fourth Ward, First Precinct, 7 delegates; Second Precinct, 6 delegates. Fifth Ward, First Precinct, 6 delegates; Second Precinct, 7 delegates; Third Precinct, 5 delegates; Fourth Precinct, 2 delegates.

Cape Fear Township, 3 delegates. Harnett Township, 4 delegates. Masonboro Township, 2 delegates. Federal Point Township, 1 delegate.

By order of the Democratic Executive Committee of New Hanover county.

H. McL. GREEN, Chairman.
B. F. KING, Secretary.
17 3t ap 17 2t

Winter Wheat Flour.

700 Bbls Straight Flour.
100 Bbls Best Pat. Flour.
400 Bbls Clover Flour.
50 Bbls Sugar.
10000 Lbs D. S. Sides.
8000 Lbs D. S Plates.
5000 Lbs Butts.
100 Bbls City Mess Pork.

W. B. COOPER,
ap 17 tf 226 North Water street.

OPERA HOUSE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 21ST.

THE EMINENT ACTOR
Mr. John Griffith,
Presenting a spectacular version of
Goethe's "Faust."
"More powerful than a sermon."
The Electrical Duel. The Descent into Hades. The Scene on the Brocken.
Special costumes, scenery and electrical effects. su tu th ap 17 3t

FOR RENT.



STORE No. 23 SOUTH FRONT street, lately occupied by Mr. Taylor as a hardware store.

STORE on South Water street between Market and Dock streets.

STORE on North Water street between Market and Princess streets.

STORE on North Water street between Princess and Chesnut streets.

Three Dwelling Houses centrally located—one suitable for a boarding house.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
ap 17 3t Real Estate Agent.

NOTICE.

INSTRUCTIVE AND INTERESTING RELIGIOUS services will be held at the grave of Brother Geo. Carter to-day, Sunday, at 2.45 o'clock; not compulsory, but in fraternal observance.

A cordial invitation is extended Independent Order Odd Fellows, Improved Order Red Men, Knights Golden Eagle and Knights of Pythias, and to the public generally.

J. M. BRANCH,
ap 17 1t P. R. FOWLER.

A Great Discovery.

VITAE ORE, THE ORE OF LIFE.

Blasted from the earth, nature's own remedy, and containing different ingredients put there by God and not man. There have been

Wonderful Cures Made With It

of complicated diseases; one was in this city, of Mrs. McGowan, 713 Orange street.

Pro. Theo. Noel, the Geologist of Chicago, has appointed J. M. McGowan of this city as agent, and he will furnish you the medicine and literature on it. It matters not from what affliction you are suffering, IT WILL DO THE WORK.

Agents wanted in every county in the State. We do not claim that one package will cure you, but we guarantee it to do what is promised.

J. M. McGOWAN, Phone 621,
mar 30 1f sm 219 Princess street.

To The Life Insurance Co. of Virginia.

RICHMOND, VA.

GENTLEMEN:—I wish to express my heartfelt thanks and grateful appreciation to you for your prompt payment of $61.00, being the full amount of insurance carried by me on the life of my deceased husband Alfred Jones. This amount was paid me (as you always pay your claims) in 24 hours after proofs of death reached the home office. In this connection I wish to urge my friends and the people at large to carry insurance in the Virginia, assuring them when a policy in that Company becomes a claim it will be paid and paid in full, and the amount paid will be the same as the amount promised.

Respectfully,
ap 17 1t MARY A. JONES, wife.

Printer Wanted.

A Printer (two-thirder) who is qualified to work on a morning paper may secure employment by applying at the
ap 9 3t STAR OFEICE.

FOR SALE.

Cottage on Wrightsville Beach.

Apply to
A. M. WADDELL, Jr.
ap 3 6t su we

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1898

EUROPEAN INTERVENTION.

There has been a good deal of talk within the past few days about the prospect for European intervention in the controversy between this country and Spain. While there is a possibility there is very little probability of this, or, at least, that it will go any further than an effort to bring moral pressure to bear to prevent war. The sympathies of all of them, with the exception of England, are with Spain. The monarchies sympathize with the monarchy, while whatever of sympathy France may feel is inspired by association and something bordering on kindred relationship.

But this sympathy will not go further than to say to Spain that they are sorry for her, and would like to help her if they could. The hope of bringing European pressure to bear on this country inspired the last move of the Spanish Cabinet when it decided upon an armistice, at the suggestion of the Pope, and Sagasta declared that they had granted to the Pope and the Powers what they had refused to the United States. He was simply talking for effect then, for the armistice dodge had doubtless been regarded as a cute thing by him and he was glad the opportunity was presented of playing this last card to put Spain in a position where she might have further claim on the sympathies of the European powers, which have no love for this Republic, which some of them believe to be putting on too many airs, and saying too much as to what they may do or not do in this hemisphere.

Possibly if it were not for the complications on the other side of the globe some of them which feel this way might be disposed to give Spain something more than sympathy and moral support so that she might give the Republic as much trouble as possible, and retain her grip on Cuba.

Some people do not seem to understand why it is that the Pope figures so much in the role of a peace maker, and why the armistice in Cuba was decided upon apparently at his suggestion. As the head of a great church the Pope would naturally be a peace maker if his voice could be heard, and this is a reason why he should use his friendly efforts to prevent war, but there is a special reason why the Spanish Ministry in distress turned to him for sympathy, and for co-operation to avert the impending calamity. Spain is a Catholic country, and so is Cuba. Spain is in a condition of unrest and it would take very little to incite the restless elements to revolt. Sagasta, who had banked on his last play of armistice, felt that he could safely announce that as the result of the wish of the Pope, who was anxious to befriend Spain, when he could not have safely done so at the demand of the United States. In the former case it was simply compliance with the suggestion of the Pope, whom all Spanish Catholics revere; in the latter it would be construed as a surrender to the United States, and a humiliation put upon Spain. This is doubtless the view that Sagasta took of it, and a very natural one.

And as most of the Cubans are Catholics, too, it was doubtless thought that they might be thus influenced to accept an armistice, coming as the proposition of the Pope, who had previously exerted his influence on the representation of the Bishop of Havana to check Weyler's savagery. This, we think, explains the reliance that Spain in her distress has put in the Pope.

While any hope of peace remains the Pope will no doubt use his friendly offices, and whatever of influence he may have with the European Powers to aid in preventing war; but as they doubtless realize that the independence of Cuba has become an imperative condition as to any understanding between this Government and Spain, they will see that there is nothing left for them to do further than to exert their good offices to help Spain to make the best terms she can, to get out of her embarrassing position with as much honor and as little loss as possible. They may intervene so far as to suggest to this Government as the friend and now protector of Cuba, that Spain should have something in the way of a consideration for releasing her hold and reliquishing her claim on Cuba, and perhaps such a request, coming from "friendly," disinterested Powers, might meet with some consideration by this Government, provided it was made without any show of dictation; and then a friendly hint might be given the Cubans as a result of which a reasonable indemnity might be tendered. Probably this talked of intervention might go this far, although that is doubtful, but no farther.

There are very good reasons why it shouldn't go any further. Nations may have sympathies, but self interest is a more potent factor in their performances than sympathy, and there is not one of the Powers that profess sympathy with Spain at this time that hasn't interests of its own to look after which might become seriously affected if they became tangled up with this country. They have observed that if Great Great Britain has acquiesced in any of these movements so far it has been merely as a matter of courtesy, and it is pretty generally understood that in this controversy British sympathy is with the United States. And they know, too, that there has been more or less allusion to a possible, and as far as Great Britain is concerned, a desirable Anglo-American alliance. Such intervention would simply precipitate and make the alliance, which is now only a possibility, a probability or perhaps a certainty, with not only a double but a triple alliance, Anglo-American-Japanese, three of the best fighters in the world, and a combination that could dictate to both hemispheres. If there were no other reason this is sufficient to keep the so-called Powers from meddling on this side of the water, where the United States are interested and when they are moving to save a heroic people from a relentless and brutal oppressor.

MINOR MENTION.

The mobilizing of troops on the seacoast at convenient points for embarkation is not necessarily a sign of imminent war more than the manning or equipment of our forts, or the stationing of our warships at vantage points is. These are all simply measures that must be taken to be prepared for war if it should come, and show that those who have charge of her matters are not sleeping at their posts. When the Flying Squadron was ordered to sea the other day there were a good many who saw in that a sure sign that the racket was about to begin, but it seems that the ships simply went out to take a little exercise and become better acquainted with each other. One of the reasons assigned for the transfer of the troops to the Southern seaboard, namely to accustom them to the warmer climate, may be a correct one but whether or not it is a good one, and in addition to that every movement made in the direction of preparation for war, and quick and vigorous war if it come, makes better the prospect for peace. When the nations that thus confront each other realize that business is meant and that those they banter are prepared for business bluster will be followed by more sober thinking, and brag by more sensible action. All this preparation, disposition of warships and soldiers by the United States is simply a notification to Spain that in the event of war we are just putting ourselves in a position to drop down on Cuba on short notice and take it in. It isn't well to become excited over the reports we hear, for there will be a good deal of manœuvring yet before there is any shooting.

* * *

It seems that the dignitaries in the Senate couldn't let the boys in the House monopolize the lie-hurling business, although they stopped short of the book-hurling, the principals being satisfied with jawing and bantering each other to "go outside and settle it," when neither of them had the slightest intention of going outside. They contented themselves with going outside of the lines of decency and parliamentary propriety, and wound up the disgraceful, ludicrous episode by the lie-flinger making the regulation apology to the Senate. It may have been, and doubtless was uncalled for on the part of the Maryland Senator with the martial name to refer to the gentleman from Mississippi as one of the New York *Journal's* "commissioners to Cuba," but we do not see that there was any particular ground for indignation in that by the gentleman from Mississippi, unless the implied reflection on his motives gave cause of offence, for the *Journal* had so called him, and even printed his picture with the pictures of its other "Congressional commissioners," to which it does not appear that Senator Money or any of the others took exception. If he didn't like to be so called he should have objected when the *Journal* claimed him as such. But that didn't justify the gentleman from Maryland in throwing it at him, evidently for the purpose of impugning his motive of action, nor did it justify the gentleman from Mississippi in losing his head and allowing his tongue to make him ridiculous and the chief actor in a scene which, as far as he is concerned, was quite as disgraceful as the similar fracas that had previously occurred in the House.

* * *

The New York *Sun*, which during the elder Dana's life was a vigorous and aggressive champion of Cuban independence, and is still for Cuba, but not quite so vigorous or aggressive, has been doing its level best to reconcile itself to the half way measures proposed, but can't entirely conceal its disappointment or disgust, and occasionally breaks out in something like the following, under the expressive heading of "If":

"If James Monroe, the fifth President of the United States, had been a lawyer solely and not a statesman, the Monroe doctrine would never have been heard of. If his mind had been no broader than the records of international law, if his devotion to the country had been modelled on the teaching in academies of jurisprudence, and if his political imagination had been born of treatises on the divine right of kings, the rock on which this country rests in its relations to the powers of Europe would have remained undiscovered. If Monroe had looked for precedent for his doctrine he wouldn't have found it.

"If the crowd hanging upon President McKinley's arm, lest he should raise it, and pleading the lack of precedent for the intervention in Cuba, had dominated the Executive Mansion when it was tenanted by Monroe, the noble bulwark standing about this country in the name of that monumental American would never have been raised; Maximilian would be Emperor in Mexico; England would possess Venezuela, and Spain, wreaking her thirst for barbaric vengeance on the rebels in Cuba, would be jeering at the thought of interference.

"Possibly these reflections may suggest to some statesman in Congress a larger view of American public affairs than emanates from merchants or lawyers of the stricter school."

This is to the point, and is a keen dart that hits the mark and sticks. Mr. McKinley is simply beating around to find precedents to justify him for his dilatory course, when his action should have been prompt and positive.

Inventor Nickum, of Logansport, Indiana, says he will have his perpetual light globes, which give light without heat, on the market in May. They will cost from $1 to $5, according to the candle-power, and are guaranteed to give light for five years, "with all probability that they will be just as bright at the end of one hundred years." But the standard oil stocks have not begun to fall yet.

Be sure you are right, then go ahead. Be sure you get Hood's Sarsarilla, and not some cheap, worthless substitute. †

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The administration is not worrying over the expense. The administration holds that the foreigners pay our taxes, and war would be in the nature of a joke on the foreigners.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Mark Hanna is the only man who ever occupied the position of an ex-officio member of the cabinet. The press dispatches report that he has recently become a regular attendant at cabinet meetings. The report of the committee of the Ohio senate declaring him to be guilty of bribery does not affect his social and political standing in Washington.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— "I am anxious that hostilities shall cease," says Maximo Gomez, "but it must be for all time." So say we here. No patched-up peace under the Spanish flag. We don't want to be bothered with Spain in the future, and there will always be a probability of that as long as Spain retains Cuba. Settle it now; and settle it forever.—*Louisville Courier Journal, Dem.*

—— If the reports from Spain are true Cuba may be taken from her without war between Spain and the United States. Revolution is said to be imminent, and if revolution should break out Spain would fall to pieces. The ingredients for that kind of "new birth" which follows some revolutions are waiting. Spain is the victim not only of political corruption, but also of social decay. With a revolution going on in Spain the United States would still have to pacify Cuba, but this could in that case be done without a preliminary war.—*New York Commercial Advertiser, Rep.*

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughts and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a healthy woman." Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50cts. and $1.00. Guaranteed or prices refunded. †

I was reading an advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy in the Worcester Enterprise recently, which leads me to write this. I can truthfully say I never used any remedy equal to it for colic and diarrhœa. I have never had to use more than one or two doses to cure the worst case with myself or children. —W. A. STROUD, Popomoke City, Md. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.



FRENCH GOWN OF BLUE AND WHITE FOULARD FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

A GOWN of dainty simplicity is of corn-flower blue and white foulard. The skirt is a six-gored model, which is adapted especially to foulard silk, and is made over a silk foundation skirt that is cut exactly like the outside.

This skirt embodies a pretty fair idea for the use of flounces. Three ruffles of graduated width trim it from the front seam, sloping upward, and passing entirely across the back. The ruffles are stitched on with a piping. The corsage combines several new features of the season. The surplice drapery, which crosses from both sides, has the ends bloused slightly over an opening of the bodice, made to show a contrasting color in the vest beneath. The left end is attached by a fan-shaped bow, which also finishes the band encircling the waist. The low pointed neck is framed by a "ruffle revers" that follows the direction of the fichu in front and diminishes each side of the pointed plastron behind. The back at the waist-line is drawn into tiny pleats. Tucked blue silk poplinette forms the plastron, the vest, and the high collar. The closely-fitting sleeves, made with the tiniest puff at the top, are trimmed at the wrist with a ruffle turned back from the hand.

The design of this little gown is an excellent one for batiste, organdie, or challi, as well as foulard, or taffeta. The skirt measures three and a half yards at the foot, and the proper cut of the gown can be obtained from the cut paper patterns issued by HARPER'S BAZAR, where it appears. The back gores are shirred in several rows into a small space. It may be lined, if preferred, with silk, satin, lawn, or percaline, although it is more customary to make such a gown over a drop skirt. The latter, if made plain, is finished with a facing of silk about five inches wide, interlined with a light-weight canvas. The outside material has a facing or hem about the same width, interlined with a thin crinoline. This is sewn by hand with invisible stitches.

Quantity of material: Foulard silk, 16 yards; lining silk, 22 inches wide, 14 yards; tucked silk for chemisette, ⅞ yard.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Jonesboro *Progress:* Enormous quantities of fertilizers seem to be required to satisfy the farmers of this vicinity, as elsewhere.

— Greenville *Weekly:* We have made many inquiries this week concerning fruit and are glad to be able to state that most farmers think very little has been killed by the cold weather.

— Fair Bluff *Times:* Four heavy frosts in quick succession have retarded all growth and killed out all the beans and watermelons, and the potato crop is perhaps severely injured.

—Sanford *Express:* Mrs. O. M. Dorsett died at her home near Gulf last Friday, after an illness of some duration. —— Pinehurst is pretty well known. Twenty-one States of the Union are represented there; also South Africa, Canada and Nova Scotia.

— Rockingham *Rocket:* The *Rocket* is pained to announce the death of Mrs. Sallie, the beloved wife of Wm. S. Watson which occurred last Sunday morning. —— In some localities all the apples and peaches are killed, while in other sections the different varieties are scarcely injured. However, let us not be discouraged, for blackberries never fail.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut:* Two serious fires occurred in lower Nash during the past week. On Tuesday night the house of Mr. K. W. Ballentine, at Dry Wells, near the Wake county line, was burned to the ground with all its contents; also his smoke house and other outhouses. Loss about $3,000; insurance $1,000. ——On Monday night a house between Springhope and Nashville, belonging to Capt. J. W. Hinton and occupied by the widow Batchelor, was burned with all its contents. Loss about $1,000. No insurance.

— Monroe *Enquirer:* Some observers say that the peach crop is entirely killed in the country, but that the destruction in town is not so great. —— W. W. Walden, of Zoar, is way ahead on milch cows. He has one, which in quantity of milk as compared with her size and weight, he proposes putting against anything in the county. She is of the Guinea stock, is 3 feet and 2½ inches high, 4 feet and 9 ches long, weighs 380 younds, and gives three gallons of milk per day. She produced this amount of milk while being fed only on shucks and a few cotton seed.

— Murfreesboro *Index:* The safe in the Murfreesboro post office was blown open with dyamite or some other explosive last Thursday night and about $250 in stamps and money carried off. The robbers entered the building by removing a pane of glass in one of the front windows. A day or two before two young tramps were here. One of them claimed to have an injured foot, that he was hurt in a saw mill near Charlottesville, Va., and had been in a hospital at Norfolk. He said his home was at Wrightsville, N. C., and was asking for help to enable him to get there. It is believed that they were the parties who did the robbing.

TWINKLINGS.

— Heard in the Gallery—Customer—"Do you suppose you can take a good picture of me?" Photographer—"I shall have to answer you in the negative, sir."—*Pick-Me-Up.*

—"You had better not go boating with sister," said Tommy to his sister's beau. "Why not, Tommy?" "'Cause I heard her say she intended to throw you overboard soon."—*St. Louis Humorist.*

— Father—"Do you think my son possesses any ability as an artist?" Instructor—"Well, yes. In one branch of drawing he can give me pointers." Father (proudly)—"Indeed! In what branch?" Instructor—"In drawing corks."

— The man who pleases God may expect to have a good deal of trouble with men.

WHEN FATHER CARVES THE DUCK.

We all look on with anxious eyes
When father carves the duck,
And mother almost always sighs
When father carves the duck.
Then all of us prepare to rise
And hold our bibs before our eyes,
And be prepared for some surprise
When father carves the duck.

He braces up and grabs a fork
Whene'er he carves a duck,
And won't allow a soul to talk
Until he's carved the duck.
The fork is jabbed into the sides,
Across the breast the knife he slides,
And every careful person hides
From flying chips of duck.

The platter always seems to slip
When father carves a duck
And how it makes the dishes skip!
Potatoes fly amuck.
The squash and cabbage leap in space
We get the gravy on our face,
And father mutters Hindu grace
Whene'er he carves a duck.

We thus have learned to walk around
The dining-room and pluck
From off the window sills and walls
Our share of father's duck.
While father growls and blows and jaws,
And swears the knife was full of flaws,
And mother scolds him well because
He couldn't carve a duck.

—*Mother's Magazine.*

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Truthfulness is the diamond of character.

— A twenty-dollar coat often covers a five-cent soul.

— Hypocrisy is a cloak that is ragged in the back.

— The man who looks with pure eyes can see the face of God in a dew drop.

— God makes the most use of those who keep themselves ready for his own use.

— There is no human life so poor and small as not to hold many a divine possibility.—*James Martineau.*

— "A man may transgress as truly by holding his tongue as by holding his tongue as by speaking unadvisedly with his lips."—*C. H. Spurgeon.*

— Remember, your own soul must be illuminated before you can help others; the spring does not brim over with refreshing waters that has not a hidden source.—*Light on the Hidden Way.*

— Would you have a correct measure of your every-day Christianity? Apply the "Golden Rule" and see how it holds out, and remember that on the day of judgment the same system of measurement will prevail.

— Truth, simplicity and innocence are three jewels, which are too often bartered away for worldly success and honor. It is folly worse than Esau's, and yet we see it done by the many who look to the present, rather than the future.

— There is a passage in the scriptures which excites quite an interest in the minds of many railroad men. The fourth verse of the second chapter of Nahum is often discussed by railroad men, but without coming to any definite conclusion, except that it is prophetic, and relates to the railroading of the present age.

— Yabsley—"You look as if you must have had a good time last night." Madge—"I hope not." "You hope not? Why?" "Because if I did it was wasted. I don't recollect a thing about what sort of time I had."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— The following conundrum and answer were propounded by a Summit (N. J.) clergyman: "What passage in Scripture is recalled by a visit to the large department stores in New York?" "All the days of my appointed time will I wait until my change comes."

Pure Blood

Every thought, word and action takes vitality from the blood; every nerve, muscle, bone, organ and tissue depends on the blood for its quality and condition.

Spring Medicine Therefore pure blood is absolutely necessary to right living and healthy bodies. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier and the best Spring Medicine. Therefore it is the great cure for scrofula, salt rheum, humors, sores, rheumatism, catarrh, etc.; the great nervine, strength builder, appetizer, stomach tonic and regulator.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is sold by all druggists. $1 six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills taken after dinner aid digestion.

Another Nuisance.

It was the first time he was being married, and he was naturally a little nervous and upset, but he managed to say "Yes" all right and to keep time to Mendelssohn, sailing down the aisle, and to sign his name in the register without making more than a dozen blots.

He thought then that it was finished, but when they got to the church door they found it was raining.

"Confound it!" he cried, putting up his umbrella. "Another nuisance now!"

And then, though he cannot guess why, the people around all laughed, and his mother-in-law bridled and his wife refused to speak.—Pick Me Up.

The Effect of Environment.

"One of the tallest men I ever knew was a Rhode Islander. He measured nearly 7 feet in height."

"Perhaps he had to grow that way. There was no room for him to spread out."—Chicago Tribune.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you promp and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach, and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store, only 50 cents per bottle. †

Rheumatism Cured.

My wife has used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism with great relief, and I can recommend it as a splendid liniment for rheumatism and other household use for which we have found it valuable.—W. J. CUYLER. Red Creek, N. Y.

Mr. Cuyler is one of the leading merchants of this village and one of the most prominent men in this vicinity.—W. G AHIPPIN, Editor Red Creek Herald. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Whole-Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	@	6¾
Standard	@	7⅜
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℘ ℔	12 @	14
Sides ℘ ℔	6 @	7½
Shoulders ℘ ℔	6 @	7½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℘ ℔	5¾ @	6
Shoulders ℘ ℔	@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New Mork, each	@	1 20
New City, each	@	1 20
BEESWAX ℘ ℔	@	22
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℘ M	5 00 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℘ ℔	15 @	18
Northern	18 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	45 @	48
Virginia Meal	45 @	48
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—℘ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	10
CHEESE—℘ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	@	11
State	10½ @	12
COFFEE—℘ ℔—		
Laguyra	12 @	16
Rio	7½ @	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard	@	5¼
Yarns, ℘ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℘ dozen	9 @	10
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ half-bbl.	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℘ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℘ half-bbl.	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℘ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	@	3 50
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	4 35 @	4 50
FLOUR—℘ ℔—		
Low grade	@	4 00
Choice	@	4 90
Straight	@	5 25
First Patent	5 50 @	6 00
GLUE—℘ ℔	7½ @	8¼
GRAIN—℘ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	@	48
Car load, in bags—White	46 @	47
Oats, from store	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	65 @	75
HIDES—℘ ℔—		
Green	@	8
Dry	@	12
HAY, ℘ 100 ℔s—		
Clover Hay	80 @	85
Rice Straw	@	50
Eastern	@	90
Western	@	85
North River	@	75
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	1¾ @	2
LARD, ℘ ℔—		
Northern	6½ @	7
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℘ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℘ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	25
Barbadoes in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels	@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	12 @	15
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40 @	1 50
PORK, ℘ barrel—		
City Mess	10 75 @	11 00
Rump	@	11 50
Prime	@	11 50
ROPE, ℘ ℔	10 @	22
SALT, ℘ sack Alum	@	1 10
Liverpool	@	70
Lisbon	@	
American	@	70
On 125 ℘ Sacks	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℘ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 60 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Gran'd	@	5¾
Standard A	@	5⅝
White Extra C	@	5
Extra C, Golden	@	4¾
C. Yellow	@	4⅝
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3¾ @	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	6 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary	@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℘ M 6x24 heart	7 50 @	8 50
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50 @	5 00
" Sap	4 00 @	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00 @	6 50
" Sap	5 00 @	5 50
TALLOW, ℘ ℔	@	6
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	2 00
WOOL ℘ ℔—Unwashed	8 @	13

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 16.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market steady at 25¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 25¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market dull at $1.05 per bbl for Strained and $1.10 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.25 per barrel for Hard, $1.80 for Dip, and $1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady, 27¼, 26¾c; rosin steady, $1.35, $1.40; tar firm, 95 cents; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80, $2.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	12
Rosin	1,162
Tar	166
Crude Turpentine	0

Receipts same day last year.—56 casks spirits turpentine, 629 bbls rosin, 85 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 5-16	cts. ℘ ℔.
Good Ordinary	4⅜	" "
Low Middling	5 5-16	" "
Middling	5¾	" "
Good Middling	6	" "

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—138 bales; same day last year, 183.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60. Virginia—Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c.

CORN—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 8 to 9c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to $7.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Money on call was steady at 2 per cent., with last loan at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, actual business in bankers' bills 483¼@483½ for demand; 479¾@480 for sixty days. Posted rates were 480½@481 and 484@484½. Commercial bills 479@479½. Silver certificates 55¼@56½. Bar silver 55⅞. Mexican dollars 45¼. Government bonds were weak; U. S. new 4's registered 118½; do. coupon, 110; U. S. 4's 108¼; do. coupon, 109½; U. S. 2's, 95; U. S. 5's, registered, 109¼; do. 5's, coupon, 111. State bonds dull; N. C. 6's 120; 4's 102.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Rosin was easy; strained, common to good, $1 42½@1 45. Spirits turpentine steady at 30@30½c.

CHARLESTON, April 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, April 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25¼c, with sales of 478 casks; receipts 1,201 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 629 barrels; receipts 3,057 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16.—There was a sharp squeeze of shorts in the cotton market to-day, directly due to strong Liverpool cables and a sudden hardening of spot cotton, both at this point and the South. From start to finish the bull crowd was in control and one time the bears were bordering on demoralization. The feature of the transactions was renewed interest of commission houses which for some weeks past have been out of the market. On the opening call the market was firm with prices 4@5 points higher. Buying was about evenly divided between local shorts, Southern and foreign firms and commission houses. After advancing to a net gain of 6@7 points there was a partial reaction under profit-taking. The close was steady at a net gain of 4@6 points. Trading was active throughout and the total sales, 112,200 bales, represent an exceptionally large business for a Saturday.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Cotton was steady; middling 6 5-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady; sales of 112,900 bales; April 6.04c, May 6.08, June 6.09c, July 6.12c, August 6.12c, September 6.12c, October 6.12c, November 6.13c, December 6.15c, January 6.17c.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 6 5-16c; middling gulf 6 9-11c; sales 1,106 bales.

Net receipts 507 bales; gross receipts 1,310 bales; forwarded 216 bales; sales 1,106 bales; sales to spinners 806 bales; stock (actual) 185,805 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 118,186 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,400 bales; exports to France 5,000 bales; exports to the Continent 1,804 bales; stock 688,911 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,059,139 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,056,676 bales; exports to France 754,309 bales; exports to the Continent 2,618,208 bales.

April 16.—Galveston, quiet at 5¾c, net receipts 2,349 bales; Norfolk, firm at 5⅝c, net receipts 414 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 6¼c, net receipts 2,312 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5¾c, net receipts 138 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6 9 16c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, steady at 5⅝c, net receipts 1,638 bales; New Orleans, firm at 5⅝c, net receipts 4,347 bales; Mobile, steady at 5¼c, net receipts 69 bales; Memphis, steady at 5⅝c, net receipts 103 bales; Augusta, firm at 6, net receipts 135 bales; Charleston, steady at 5⅝c, net receipts 122 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Flour was stronger but quotably higher; city mill patents $5 75@6 00. Wheat—Spot stronger; No. 2 red $1 10; options opened strong and higher on surprisingly firm Liverpool cables; shorts were heavy buyers most of the forenoon, covering yesterday's sales and influenced also by renewed war talk; closed 2⅜@2¾c net higher; No. 2 red May closed $1 06¾; July closed 92⅜c. Corn—Spot was firm; No. 2 36¾c; options were bullishly affected by strong cables and big clearances, advanced all the forenoon and closed ⅜c net higher; May closed 35⅛c; July closed 36⅛c. Oats—Spot firm; No. 2 30¾@31c; options were quiet but firmer with the other departments, closing ⅛c net higher; May closed 29⅞. Lard steady; Western steam closed at $5 47½; city $5 15; May closed $5 52½, nominal; refined firm. Butter easy; Western creamery 15@19c; do. factory 12@15c; Elgins 20c; imitation creamery 14@17c; State dairy 14@16c; do creamery 17@20. Cheese was steady; large white September 8c. Cotton seed oil dull; prime crude 19½c; do. yellow 22¼@22½c. Petroleum dull; United closed with no market; refined New York $5 70; Philadelphia and Baltimore $5 65; do. in bulk $3 15. Rice steady; domestic, fair to extra 4⅝@6¾c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, open kettle, good choice 28@33c. Cabbage quiet; Florida 75c@$1 00; Charleston and Savannah $1 00@1 12½. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 6⅞c; No. 7 jobbing 7⅜c. Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining 3 9-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4 1-16c; refined quiet; mould A 5 7-16; granulated 5 3-16c.

CHICAGO, April 16.—The strength of the foreign wheat markets and the belief that impending hostilities will cause a rise in prices made wheat to-day almost as strong as it was weak yesterday, and resulted in an advance of 2c in July. Foreigners accepted freely of yesterday's cable offers. Corn made the usual advance of ⅛c, while oats closed ⅛@¼c higher, both markets being affected principally by wheat. Provisions show little change.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Cash quotations: Flour steady; winter patents $4 80@5 00; do. straights $4 20@4 50; spring specials $5 50@5 60; spring patents $4 90@5 10; straights $4 40@4 60; bakers $3 50@4 00. Wheat—No. 2 spring —; No. 3 spring; No. 2 red $1 08. Corn—No. 2 30½@31c. Oats—No. 2 26¼c; No. 2 white, free on board 30@32c; No. 3 white, free on board, 28½@30¼. Rye—No. 2 52½c. Mess pork per bbl., $9 80@9 85. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 17½. Short rib sides, loose, $5 00@5 30. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 62½@5 75; Short clear sides, boxed, $5 45@5 55. Whiskey, distillers' finished goods, per gallon, $1 20.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 May $1 10, 1 10, 1 09, 1 09; July 85⅜, 87½, 85⅜, 86⅞c; September 78⅜, 79½, 78, 79½. Corn—May 30, 30¾, 29⅞, 30⅛c; July 31¼, 32, 31⅛, 31¾; September 32⅜, 33, 32¼, 32⅞c. Oats—May 26, 26½, 25⅞, 25⅞c; July 23¼, 23¼, 23¼, 23¼. Pork, per bbl.—May $9 90, 9 90, 9 77½, 9 77½; July $9 95, 10 05, 9 90, 9 90. Lard, per 100 lbs—May $5 20, 5 20, 5 17½, 5 17½; July $5 22½, 5 27½, 5 22½, 5 25; September $5 30, 5 35, 5 30, 5 32½. Ribs, per 100 lbs.—May $5 12½, 5 17½, 5 12½, 5 12½; July $5 20, 5 25, 5 20, 5 20; September $5 27½, 5 27½, 5 27½, 5 27½.

BALTIMORE, April 16.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat strong and higher; spot and month $1.02½@1.02¾; May $1.02¾@1.03; July 90c asked; steamer No. 2 red 99@99¼c; Southern wheat by sample $1.00@1.03½; do on grade $1.00@1.03. Corn strong and higher; spot and month 35¼@35⅝c; May 35⅜@35½c; June 35¾@36c; July 36¼@36½c; steamer mixed 35@35¼c; Southern white corn 36@36½c; do yellow 35½@36c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 34c, bid; No. 2 mixed 30½@31c. Lettuce $1.25@1.50 per basket.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, April 16.—4 P. M.—Closing—Cotton—Spot in good demand, but business only moderate, and prices hardening. American middling 3 15-32d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 10,700 American. Receipts 11,000 bales, including 10,700 American. Futures opened steady with a moderate demand and closed firm. American middling (l m c): April 3 27-64d seller; April and May 3 27-64d seller; May and June 3 27-64d seller; June and July 3 27-64d buyer; July and August 3 27-64d buyer; August and September 3 26-64@3 27-64d buyer; September and October 3 26-64d buyer; October and November 3 25-64@3 26-64d seller; November and December 3 24-64@3 25-64d buyer; December and January 3 24-64@3 25-64d buyer; January and February 3 24-64@3 25-64d buyer.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Steamship Oneida, 1091 tons, Staples, New York, H G Smallbones.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK.—Steamship Oneida—850 bales cotton, 16 bbls spirits turpentine, 36 do rosin, 1,732 do tar, 2 do crude turpentine, 5,880 feet lumber, 60 bbls pitch, 42 cases cotton flannels, 69 bales cotton warp and sheeting, 160,000 shingles, 600 bags chaff, 60 pkgs mdse.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., April 14, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

City of Baltimore, 298 tons, Tower, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

John H Tingue, 483 tons, Rhodes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Kimon (Austrian), 1,244 tons, Saha, Powers, Gibbs & Co.

Cambay (Br), 1693 tons, Rees, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Anitra (Nor), 547 tons, Simonsen, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Rigi (Nor), 499 tons, Sopff, Heide & Co.

Farmers and Distiller's

SUPPLIES.

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

Hoop Iron, Glue, Hay,

Corn, Oats, &c., &c.

A small consignment Yam Potatoe Slips.

HALL & PEARSALL,

mar 31 tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR SALE AT CLOSE PRICES.

1000 Caddies Damaged Tobacco.

500 Boxes Sound Tobacco.

100 Barrels Molasses all grades

50 Barrels Cider.

100 Cases Star Lye.

200 Bags Coffee.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

mar 16 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N C.

Raisins 5c Pound.

Just Received Another Lot

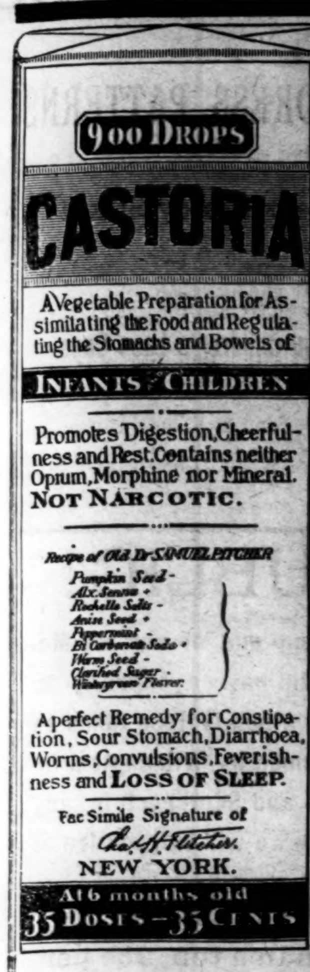
of Those Elegant Raisins

5c Pound.

S. W. SANDERS,

At the Unlucky Corner.

ap 14 tf



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature —OF— *Chas. H. Fletcher.* ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Melting Metals.

A note concerning the peculiar phenomenon noticed in the melting of metals when under extended pressure has recently been published by H. Bischof of Wiesbaden. When a metal is bedded in a mortar of chemically pure aluminium oxide, thoroughly dried and then subjected to the necessary heat, a considerable retardation in melting is noticed. For instance, a rod of silver, which should melt at 1,830 degrees F., when thus treated will not change its form and melt together until 5,730 degrees F. Palladium, which should melt at 2,730 degrees F., shows no sign of yielding at 2,900 degrees F. It would seem that these rods of metal, unable to expand while in the powerful grip of the aluminium oxide, which contracts on heating, simply cannot melt as they would under normal conditions.

Every Wife

feels an indescribable dread of the danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy, but the suffering and danger of the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery.

Mother's Friend

a thoroughly tested remedy, gently prepares the system for this period, lessens the pain, and removes all danger. Its use insures a safe and happy termination of the dreaded event.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address upon application, by

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

je 20 tf 3u fr we

Chimney or Hearth Money.

What you call "chimney money" is the same as the house tax called "hearth money." It was established as a means of making up the deficiency in the revenue granted after the restoration to Charles II. It was repealed by I and II William and Mary, c. 10, but was reimposed in Scotland in September, 1690, at the rate of 1s. 2d. for every hearth. The repeal was one of the first boons conceded by William on his arrival.—"History of Taxation," by Dowell.

Navies of the World.

The Army and Navy Year Book rates the navies of the world as follows: 1, Great Britain; 2, France; 3, Russia; 4, Italy; 5, United States; 6, Germany; 7, Spain; 8, Japan; 9, Austria; 10, Netherlands. Under present naval contracts Japan in 1899 will go to the fifth place, crowding down the United States and Germany one point.

The oldest emblem of royalty in existence is the iron crown of the Lombards. The inner strip of iron, according to tradition, was beaten out of one of the nails used at the crucifixion. Its most distinguished wearers have been Charlemagne, Charles V and Napoleon.

TREATMENT FOR WEAK MEN.

TRIAL WITHOUT EXPENSE.

The famous Appliance and Remedies of the Erie Medical Co. now for the first time offered on trial without expense to any honest man. **Not a dollar to be paid in advance.** Cure Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Manhood Fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Portions of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment. No C. O. D. or other scheme. A plain offer by a firm of high standing.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. 64 NIAGARA ST. BUFFALO, N. Y.

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FASHIONS CHANGE BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

FIGURES OF SPEECH.

While aunty was reading a story one night,
To good little Oliver's smiling delight,
She came upon something remarkably queer
That good little Oliver wondered to hear.

And this was the something she placidly read:
"Jane Ann then determined to enter the shed,
And, cautiously dropping her eyes on the floor,
They fell on the snake which had caught them before."

Interruption was rude, the dear child had been taught,
So he said not a word, but he thought, and he thought,
And the longer he pondered the stranger it grew—
The thing that Jane Ann was reported to do.

He felt of his eyes with mysterious doubt
And wondered how she could have taken hers out;
And how—this was really what puzzled him more—
They could fall on a thing which had caught them before.
—Mary E. Bradley in St. Nicholas.

A SHERMAN ROMANCE.

His Old California Sweetheart Loyal to the General.

When General William Tecumseh Sherman was a raw subaltern in the United States army, without fame or laurels and little apparent hope of winning either, relates the Chicago Chronicle, he wooed and won a beautiful Spanish girl then living in Monterey, Cal. Dona Maria Ygnacia Bonifacio fell beneath the ardent glances of the lank, ungainly youth just as the flag of the sister republic was lowered before the triumphant army led by Scott. Today she is still true to her early love and unaware of the fame and death of her lover.

California was then a part of the Mexican republic. Sherman, like many another, was forced to make war against the land of the Montezumas. In the closing year of the struggle, when California was occupied and became a part of the United States, Sherman was assigned to duty on the coast. Here he met the fair dona, lost his heart to her and won hers in return. She was a member of an old aristocratic Spanish family, and the subaltern was congratulated upon his luck. To emphasize his devotion, the young officer in 1855 planted a rose tree before the entrance to the home of his beloved.

Then came the inevitable misunderstanding which accompanies every romance. The lovers disagreed. Sherman left the army and went east to take up the law. He never afterward saw his sweetheart, nor did she ever permit his name to be mentioned in her hearing. She speaks Spanish only, never reads a newspaper, and while the nation has sung the praises of the hero of Atlanta the Spanish maiden knows nothing of him from the day he left her. She still, although long past her youth, waits for the return of the man whose image has never left her heart.

But in spite of the separation of the sweethearts that rose tree throve and waxed great. Now its branches have spread until they form a beautiful bower over the doorway of the old Spanish mansion. Here the dona, sole survivor of her race, sits and waits, silent and alone, for the return of him who cannot come. Under the bower of roses due to her lover's care she stood recently and permitted her portrait to be taken. She is still very beautiful in spite of the ravages of time and secret sorrow.

Letters With Queer Addresses.

"It is wonderful how much confidence people have in a letter carrier's ability to deliver letters," said a letter carrier. "Very often we have letters to deliver with scarcely any address at all and even that imperfect. If they manage, however, to get the number of the house and the street right, we can generally do the rest, it matters not how the names are spelled, or even if they have been left off altogether. In other instances the names are all right, but there is no address. In nine cases out of ten such letters reach their destination, though they are often somewhat delayed. I had a letter a few days ago which illustrates my idea. It was addressed to a public wagon stand, to be delivered to the 'driver of a gray horse with a covered furniture wagon, the wagon being painted green.' It was the last word that secured the delivery, for it happens there are three white horses which are usually on that stand, but there was only one green painted wagon. The laughable part of it was that the letter was marked 'Immediate.' I visited that stand three times during the day, and, though white horses were in evidence each time I was there, the green painted wagon did not show up until my last trip. Then the combination was complete, and I delivered the letter. It was an order for the driver to move some furniture.

"Another letter I once delivered was equally blindly addressed. It was addressed to 'Mr. ——, who owns two Spitz dogs, one a yellow and the other a gray.' In a note on the back of the envelope, addressed 'To the letter carrier,' the information was given that the name had slipped the mind of the writer, but that the man with the two dogs was known to the carrier. It happened that I did know the man and had often seen him with his dogs, but he lived two miles from my route, though he very frequently came through it, visiting his son, who lived in my district. He got his letter, though." —Washington Star.

English people, it seems, eat more butter than any other people on the face of the earth. It is partly through this that the British complexion is the purest in the world.

THE PURSER'S NERVE

SHAVED TO KEEP HIS WITS WHILE THE SHIP WAS SINKING.

He Told the Story to the Gallia's Shipwrecked Passengers—In the Matter of Nerve He Went the Amateur Photographer One Better.

It was a cozy room, with antique hangings and furniture and walls hung with handsome works of art which could be only indistinctly seen by the light of the flickering fire on the hearth. The little party agreed with the beautiful hostess that the room was just dark enough for a ghost story. "I don't know a ghost story," said one of the men, "but the dramatic rescue of the Veendam's passengers by the St. Louis reminds me of my experience on board the old Gallia when she was caught in a hurricane in midwinter about 700 miles from Queenstown. The waves broke in our decks and flooded the cabins, and nobody thought for a little while that any one on board the vessel would ever see land again. There was no panic, no shouting, no weeping, and it seemed that all were perfectly prepared to go, though they looked far from happy floundering about in the water dressed in such garments as they could grasp when they were aroused from their sleep by the crash which sent tons of water into the ship. It was about 7 o'clock in the morning. The stewards had begun to set the table for breakfast, and, as I recall the picture, I can see men and women, most of them with heavy wraps over their night-dresses, standing on the table and dancing a forced minuet between the guard rails and the dishes.

"At one end of the cabin, while others were silently praying, stood a young fellow with nothing on but a suit of blue and white pyjamas, holding a snap camera in front of him. 'If you folks'll hold still a minute,' he said, 'we'll have a picture of this if we ever get out of it.' And for a moment people forgot the terrible situation, and I have always believed that one of the women adjusted her water soaked gown so that she might look well in the picture taken under the shadow of the destroying angel.

"Well, we got through it all right, although we came to Liverpool in a sadly battered condition, and when they hoisted the trunks from the hold the water ran out of them as though each piece was a sieve. We had service on board the ship the Sunday following our disaster, and, although two days had passed since we thought we were gone, we seemed only then to appreciate fully what had happened. Men and women who had shown no sign of fear now moped in corners with trembling lips, unable to speak because of the lump in their throats, and the service of song was a flat failure, because no one could sing any more than the young woman at the organ could get a note out of that water soaked, dripping piece of furniture.

"We reached Liverpool too late at night to leave the ship, and the men, who had become better acquainted than they would have been on a less tempestuous voyage, gathered in the saloon and for the hundredth time exchanged congratulations.

"'This was nothing,' said our purser, 'to the experience I once had, and not so long ago. To go down with all hands must be hard enough, but to be the only one of a whole shipful to go and to see all the rest saved—that's pretty hard. That came near being my case, and I don't want another similar experience.

"'I was an officer on the Ohio when she knocked a hole in her bottom, and I helped transfer the passengers and save what we could. When all had been sent to the ship which came to our relief, we made ready for the last boatload, of which I was to be one. We had a lot of money and valuables in the ship's safe, and I went below, took a tablecloth from the cabin table, and into this dumped the contents of the various compartments of the safe. I made a bag of it, carried it on deck, and when I came to where the boat should have been I found that it had gone, and I, with the treasure, was left in the rapidly sinking ship. I can think of any number of situations which I would have preferred to mine just then. The wind being against me, I could not make myself heard. I put up signals, and no one would ever guess what I did then. I wanted to keep my wits about me and block all chances for nervousness, so I did what requires a man's full attention—began to shave, and I doubt whether I ever did a cleaner or a better job.

"'By the time I had finished my companions must have missed me, for I could see them returning, and when they came alongside there were not many inches to step down from the sinking big boat to the little thing that took us away. I tell you this story to show how necessary it is to have nerve on board ship.'"

"And did he tell it for a true story?" asked the hostess.

"He swore to every detail."

"Then he did have nerve."—New York Tribune.

The Terrapin Knew Him.

When the late Major Moses P. Handy lived in Washington, he was frequently attending dinners at Chamberlin's. At every dinner at all out of the ordinary it was Chamberlin's habit to pass around the table alive the terrapin that (it was assumed) the guests were to eat later.

One night, as Major Handy told the story, when the live terrapin were brought in, as usual, he noticed, as he thought, one of the terrapins wagging his head at him. At the next banquet the same thing happened again, and at the next one of the terrapin detached himself from the rest and, crawling across the table to the major's plate, rose on his hind legs, and, resting his fore legs against a convenient tumbler, he bowed three times, solemnly; but courteously, to the astonished and awe-struck guest.

Upon investigation it was discovered that the terrapin had seen the major so frequently at Chamberlin's festal board that he recognized him as an old friend and politely addressed him as such. Mr. Chamberlin is said to have resented this story as a reflection on the freshness of his terrapin.—Kansas City Journal.

Two Capital Stories.

I pass into Arlington street, where Sheridan, sickened with his losses at play, kicked a man over who protested that he was only tying his shoe. "D—n you!" said Sheridan. "You are always tying your shoe!" Horace Walpole calls it the Ministerial street, where Pulteney and Lady Mary Montagu lived and on both sides of which Sir Robert Walpole had a house, where in my youth the Duke of Hamilton, with a beauty like a god's, was often to be seen.

Turning into Piccadilly there is the chariot of Lady Peel, who never missed her daily drive with her daughter in the park, and the yellow chariot of the Duchess of Cleveland, with her two tall footmen in breeches and silk stockings and their long canes. She was a lady with a philosophic turn of mind, for when her husband died she asked a relative down to the funeral and told him to bring his gun, adding, "We are old, we must die, but the pheasants must be shot."—Sir Algernon West in Nineteenth Century.

Apt Quotation.

There is sometimes more wit in the application to the business in hand of words already chosen for another purpose than in the invention of an appropriate phrase. Bishop Whipple, according to The Church News, loved to tell this story:

A devout colored preacher, whose heart was aglow with missionary zeal, gave notice to his congregation that in the evening an offertory would be taken for missions and asked for liberal gifts. A selfish, well to do man in his congregation said to him before the service:

"Yer gwine to kill dis church ef yer goes on saying give, give. No church can stan it. Yer gwine to kill it."

After the sermon the colored minister said to the people:

"Brother Jones told me I was gwine to kill dis here church ef I kep' a-askin yer to give, but, my brethren, churches doesn't die dat way. Ef anybody knows of a church dat died 'cause it's been givin too much to de Lord, I'll be very much obliged ef my brother will tell me whar dat church is, for I'ze gwine to visit it, and I'll climb on de walls of dat church under de light of de moon, and cry, 'Blessed am de dead dat die in de Lord.'"

"A word to the wise is sufficient" and a word from the wise should be sufficient, but you ask, who are the wise? Those who know. The oft repeated experience of trustworthy persons may be taken for knowledge. Mr. W. M. Terry says Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives better satisfaction than any other in the market. He has been in the drug business at Elkton, Ky., for twelve years; has sold hundreds of bottles of this remedy and nearly all other cough medicines manufactured, which shows conclusively that Chamberlain's is the most satisfactory to the people, and is the best. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †



AN UP-TO-DATE BUTCHER

Spain can claim to be, but we don't deal in that kind of merchandise. Prime, fat beef, juicy mutton, Spring lamb, veal and fresh poultry we keep in stock at all times, and you will find it fresh, tender and luscious at this market, and sent to your order in good shape and prompt service.

I. B. RHODES.

ap 9 tf

REDUCED RATES IN MAY

The Seaboard Air Line announces the following Reduced Rates for Special Occasions to take place in May.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Quadrennial Conference of the M. E. Church, South.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 2nd-4th, with final limit May 31st.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

National Order of Elks.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 7th-9th, with final limit of fifteen days.

General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the U. S.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 17th-19th, with final limit to June 4th.

NORFOLK, VA

Southern Baptist and Auxiliary Conventions.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 2nd-6th, with final limit of fifteen days.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Twentieth of May Celebration of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 16th-19th, and one cent per mile travelled from points within a radius of two hundred miles; tickets on sale 18th-19th with final limit May 23rd.

Reunion of Confederate Veterans.

Rate of one cent per mile travelled, tickets on sale May 18th-19th with final limit May 23rd.

For full information in regard to these rates call on or address any Agent of the Seaboard Air line or write to

T. J. ANDERSON,

General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

ap 8 tf

MEAT, LARD, FLOUR.

22,000 Lbls. D. S. Sides.

15,000 Lbs. Plates.

60 Bbls. Best City Mess Pork.

1,500 Lbs. Pure Leaf Lard.

1,000 Lbs. Fairbanks' Comp. Lard.

500 Bbls. Best Straight Flour.

300 Bbls. Patent Flour.

And everything in Groceries.

ROBT. R. STONE & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers.

Nos. 5 & 7 South Water stree

P. S.—Fifty cases assorted Pic-Nic Hams.

ap 9tf

FRANK H. STEDMAN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Fire AND Tornado Insurance

YOUR BUSINESS IS SOLICITED AND

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

OFFICE AT

Southwest corner of Front and Chesnut Sts

de 3 tf

STRIKE NOW!

Don't wait for "Tuesday, or Wednesday, or Thursday, or Friday." Do not let "them" get the advantage of you. If you aint got 'em you MIGHT get 'em.

Spring Cleaning is Pleasant when you use

"Corneau's" Bed Bug Interceptic.

Most good Housekeepers use it. ap 8 tf

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists,

or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

THE MAINE QUESTION

To Consider When Sick Is How to Get Well. The Answer Is: Go to

Jackson Springs

For a month or two, or order a few crates of the water.

Read the following letter from Judge Thos. H. Sutton:

Hon. Thomas H. Sutton, of N. C., Judge of First N. C. Criminal Court, says:

TARBORO, N. C., Nov. 3, 1897.

H. E. THOMPSON, Prop. Jackson Springs, West End, N. C.:

MY DEAR SIR—Your letter of 31st ult. received. In reply I take pleasure in saying that I spent two weeks at Jackson Springs in August of the present year. I was very feeble when I arrived there, suffering from Dyspepsia, and was not able to go from the hotel to the Spring, but after two weeks at the Springs I received beneficial effects from the curative power of its waters, and verily believe that these waters, springing out of the deep sand section of Moore County saved my life, or at least prolonged it to this day.

I have no hesitation in saying that I believe that the Jackson Springs Watar is a specific for Dyspepsia, and the best water on earth for this one universal complaint of mankind. You may use this letter as you may think is best for the benefit of mankind. Yours, Respectfully,

THOMAS H. SUTTON.

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

For further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON, Proprietor,

mar 15 tf West End, Moore County, N. C.

Save Something Every Week

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CAPITAL $25,000. **SURPLUS $10,000.**

We want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 o'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. ap 8 tf

Capital $125,000. **Surplus and Profits $75,000.**

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Makes a specialty of supplying all customers desiring to borrow on good security, at lowest rates. No interest paid on deposits. Safety deposit boxes to rent at from $4 to $8 per annum. We study the interest of our customers and solicit your account.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice-President. LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

J. W. NORWOOD, D. L. GORE, S. P. McNAIR, SAM'L BEAR, JR.
J. S. WORTH, C. W. WORTH, W. E. SPRINGER, E. J. POWERS,
H. L. VOLLERS, P. L. BRIDGERS, G. A. NORWOOD. ap 13 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

BARBADOES MOLASSES

Of Our Own Importation

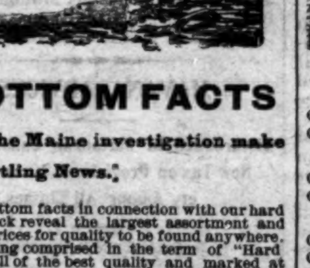
Now on Hand and

New Crop to Arrive.

We carry all grades, styles and prices.

THE WORTH COMPANY

ap 7 tf



BOTTOM FACTS

In the Maine investigation make startling News.

The bottom facts in connection with our hard ware stock reveal the largest assortment and lowest prices for quality to be found anywhere. Everything comprised in the term of "Hard ware," all of the best quality and marked at prices admitting of no argument. Dealers can here find the best source of supply for their wants.

Purchases delivered at depots without expense, and patron's interest carefully looked after.

OUR PENINSULAR STEEL RANGES

must be seen to be appreciated, and it will be a pleasure for us to show you their construction and management. A fine and varied line of Cooking and Heating Stoves constantly on hand at low down prices. Try us and we will convince you.

Our lines of general Hardware, Cutlery, Brass goods, &c., are complete in each department

J. W. MURCHISON,

mar 30 tf ORTON BUILDING.

F. T. MILLS,

Wholesale and Retailer Dealer in

HORSES AND MULES.

Constantly on hand a full line of mated teams, Roadsters, Saddlers, general purpose and Farm Horses.

Full Line of Farm and City Mules.

One to two car loads received every week. All stock is guaranteed as represented.

112 and 114 North Water St.

feb 19 tf

The Report From the Maine"

Has been received and the committee recommend that the "Boys" get their hair cut short and their whiskers amputated. We are fixed for you. Come down and let us fix you up according to the regulations.

Respectfully,

A. PREMPERT, Barber,

mar 27 tf 11 South Front St.

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect Jan. 25, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:26 p.m., Pembroke 5:46 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:28 p. m., Hamlet 6.58 p. m. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:55 a. m., Raleigh 3:34 p. m., Sanford 5:03 p. m., Hamlet 6:53 p. m., Rockingham 7:30 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m. Connects at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:35 a. m., Hamlet 5:10 a. m., Rockingham 5:28 a. m., Wadesboro 5:54 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:20 a. m., Shelby 11:18 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon, Athens 1:15 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:15 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9:05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:16 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:25 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:05 p. m., Hamlet 11:23 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:30 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon. Pullman sleepers, Atlanta to Washington and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7:00 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:50 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices Portsmouth Va. mar 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y.

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect April 10th, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	9 00 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	12 10 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	12 18 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 25 "
Leave Sanford	1 48 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 20 "
Leave Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 40 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 P. M
Leave Greensboro	12 17 "
Leave Climax	12 45 "
Leave Sanford	2 36 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 55 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 50 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs	5 48 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS

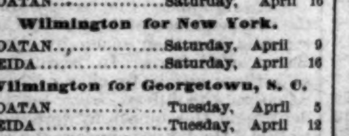
At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

ap 12 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA.................Saturday, April 2
CROATAN...............Saturday, April 16

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN...............Saturday, April 9
ONEIDA.................Saturday, April 16

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN...............Tuesday, April 5
ONEIDA.................Tuesday, April 12

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

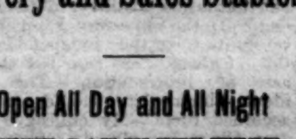
☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. ap 5 tf



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EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

First-Class EquiPment

In Every Branch.

Hacks and Baggage Line to and From All Trains.

HORSES BOARDED.

Furniture Wagons with Careful Drivers.

S. P. COWAN & CO.,

Second between Princess and Chesnut Streets. Telephones both companies No. 15. jan 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect April 10, 1898

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11:04 a. m., Goldsboro 12:05 a. m., Wilson 12:55 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:42 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 4.43 p. m., Petersburg 6.22 p. m., Richmond 7:15 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:20 p. m., Baltimore 1:06 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m., Weldon 1:42 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:03 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:18 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5:09 p. m., Chadbourn 5:41. p. m., Marion 6:43 p. m., Florence 7:25 p. m., Sumter 9:10 p. m., Columbia 10:30 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:25 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 5:25 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:55 a. m., Tarboro 12:38 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:05 p. m., Wilson 2:37 p. m., Goldsboro 3:20 p. m., Warsaw 4:11 p. m., Magnolia 4.24 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:27 p. m., Jacksonville 7:40 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 6.45 a. m., Atlanta 8:20 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 3:00 p. m., Denmark 4:47 p. m., Sumter 8:12 a. m., Florence 9:58 a. m., Marion 10:36 a. m., Chadbourn 11:38 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 12:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3:55 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 10.00 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 a. m., arrive Latta 10.26 a. m., Dillon 10.30 a. m., Rowland 10.54 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.13 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.33 p. m., Latta 6.46 p. m., Pee Dee 7.10 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:08 a. m.; arrive Conway 1:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:45 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:25 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:35 p. m., Manning 7:04 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:43 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:55 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:14 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m., 3:00 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m., 5:25 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9:55 a. m.; arrive Darlington 10:28 a. m., Cheraw 11:40 a. m., Wadesboro 12:35 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:00 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.25 p. m., Hartsville 9:20 p. m., Bennettsville 9:21 p. m., Gibson 9:45 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only at 9:55 a. m.; arrive Darlington 10:27 a. m., Hartsville 11:10 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:35 a. m., Bennettsville 6:59 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:50 a. m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday at 7:00 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:45 a. m.; leave Darlington 8:55 a. m.; arrive Florence 9:20 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Darlington 6:29 p. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only at 8:15 a. m., Darlington 9.00 a. m.; arrive Florence 9:20 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:15 p. m., 11:16 p. m.; arrive Selma 3.15 p. m., Smithfield 3:23 p. m., Dunn 4:09 p. m., Fayetteville 4:45 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:13 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 10.54 a. m., Fayetteville 12:18 p. m., 10:12 p. m., Dunn 1:01 p. m., Smithfield 1:39 p. m., Selma 1:47 p. m.; arrive Wilson 2:35 p. m., 12:09 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:13 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:47 p. m., Creston 5:43 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

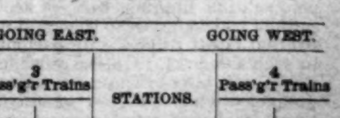
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager ap 10 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

feb 1 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1898

DISTURBANCE IN MALAGA.

The U. S. Consulate Mobbed and the Arms of the United States Dragged in the Dirt.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MALAGA, SPAIN, April 16.—There was a serious disturbance here to-day, resulting in an attack upon the United States consulate. The demonstration began with the parading of small crowds through the streets, shouting patriotic cries. But a mob eventually gathered and attacked the United States consulate. Stones were thrown and one of the leaders procured a ladder, tore down the shield having upon it the coat of arms of the United States and dragged it along the street. The prefect was summoned and he addressed the people, begging them to disperse, which to some degree restored order. Afterwards the streets were patrolled by gendarmes. As this dispatch is sent the excitement continues.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—It is thought here that the trouble reported as having occurred in Malaga to day is the culmination of some disturbances which occurred there yesterday, notice of which reached the State Department late last night. This is not surprising to the State Department officials who are rather expecting such occurrences, in view of existing conditions.

All consular officers of the United States in Spain have been told to vacate their posts in case they consider themselves in any danger, but they have not been ordered to leave. If any have left, the Department has not been informed of the fact.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Condition of the New York Banks at the Close of Business Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, increase $2, 309,600; loans, decreased $7,697,900; specie, increased $4,554,400; legal tenders, decreased $3.824,200; deposits decreased $6,317,900; circulation, increased $55,600. The banks now hold $37,373,075 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

The *Financier* says: Despite the heavy and continued demand for funds from the interior, the clearing house according to their statement for the current week, were able, not only to hold their own in the way of cash, but added over two millions to the surplus reserve, making the latter item the largest report since January 1st. In the light of present events the statement must be regarded as favorable since it reveals the wonderfully strong position of the banks. Ordinarily it means lower money rates this week, but unless a pacific solution of the Spanish crisis presents itself, such reduction may be handicapped. The operations of the week brought about a shrinkage of $7,697,900 in loans, due to continued liquidation and the entire absence of new business, the banks confining themselves to the needs of their own customers. Out of town banks, it is worthy of note, are doing some buying in this market, tempted by the stringent rates.

Domestic exchange is at a heavy discount at interior cities and from all that can be learned the cash withdrawn is not being employed at home. The fact that outside institutions are loaning money here is not without significance. The outlook favors continued imports of gold, and these, with the heavy disbursements being made by the treasury, may operate to produce an easier state of affairs. It would not be surprising if present rates proved to be the maximum for the year. The country has so much money that it is prepared to meet expenditures of an extraordinary magnitude without embarrassment. The trouble now is that this is being hoarded, rather than put into use.

TRYING TO AVERT WAR.

Spain and Austria Get Cold Comfort in Their Efforts to Secure Mediation by the Powers.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, April 16.—The members of the diplomatic corps in this city have now abandoned all hope of effectual mediation upon the part of the powers between the United States and Spain. The Spanish and Austrian ambassadors, however, cling tenaciously to the delusion that they will be able to arrange at the last moment a compromise which will avert war. They have haunted the British foreign office for a week past, calling daily, and occasionally more often. They arrived there early this morning and for a long time conferred with Sir Thomas Anderson, the permanent secretary of the foreign office, who appears to be wearied of their importunities.

So far as can be learned, the ambassadors of Spain and Austria made no definite proposition, although they believe a scheme is still possible by which Spain can be induced to offer real concesion, which they think the United States will accept, providing Great Britain can be persuaded to unite with the continental powers in making further representations to the United States and endeavoring to bring pressure to bear upon Spain. They realize that without Great Britain's co-operation nothing can be accomplished, and it appears to be very doubtful that Great Britain will participate in such a concert. On the other hand it is certain Great Britain wil maintain the policy which she has steadily adhered to, that of refusing to take any step which may be distasteful to the United States.

Mr. Balfour, the active Secretary of State of Foreign Affairs, remained in the country throughout the week, thus escaping the foreign interviews, Sir Thomas Anderson bearing the brunt of the pleading. It is understood he informs the ambassadors that he is not authorized to pledge Great Britain to any course, and that he can merely transmit their request to Mr. Balfour.

The War Department has made an allotment of $25,000 for the complete equipment of an army hospital at Key West, Fla.

The condition of Mr. Gladstone remains unchanged. A well-known oculist has been summoned to Hawarden.

PITCHER'S

CASTORIA

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT

Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher in every wrapper.

RECOGNITION OF INDEPENDENCE.

The Senate Declares for War Until the Flag of Spain is Furled Forever.

ON THE ISLAND OF CUBA

All Day Long the Contest Was Waged. The Resolutions Finally Adopted by a Vote of 67 to 21—Adjournment Until Monday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The United States Senate has spoken. Its voice is for war—war until the saffron flag of Spain shall have been furled in the western hemisphere and furled for ever. Its voice, too, is for the independence of the infant republic of the Gem of the Antilles.

"Free Cuba and the independence of the island republic", was the shibboleth of the Senate throughout the four days of debate, which ended to-night. While the verdict returned was decisive, it is just to say that it was not final. Notes of discord—almost foreboding in their tone—were sounded. This foreboding was not due in any sense to anxiety about the result of the impending conflict. It was prompted by a fear lest, if the action taken by the Senate should ultimately be accepted as final, this government might become involved in complications that in future years would prove serious.

At 9.10 o'clock to-night the Davis resolutions, those reported from the Committee on Foreign Relations, amended so as so include the recognition of the republic of Cuba, were passed by a vote of 67 to 21 as a substitute for the resolution adopted by the House of Representatives. All day long the contest waged with an earnestness, energy, ability and eloquence seldom equalled even in the Senate of the United States. From 10 o'clock this morning until the moment of the final vote the intensity of the interest did not abate for an instant. Under the agreement limiting the duration of the speeches, except in specified instances, to fifteen minutes, every Senator who so desired had an opportunity to express his views.

No less than twenty-five Senators addressed themselves to the momentous question under consideration during the day, and while, under the rule, elaborate arguments were impossible, the speeches were characterized by an impassioned force and eloquence rarely heard in or out of the halls of the American Congress.

It was not until the first vote—that on the amendment of Senator Turpie, of Indiana, providing for recognition of the island republic—had been taken, that the Senate was brought face to face with the tremendous importance of its action.

The scene in the chamber of many historic debates was one of incomparable solemnity and impressiveness. The galleries, which had been filled apparently to their utmost capacity throughout the day, were massed with brilliantly attired women and men distinguished in all walks of public and private life.

On the floor was every member elected to the Senate, save one, Mr. Walthall, of Mississippi, who was again detained from his seat by serious illness. So deep was his patriotic interest in the pending question, however, that he notified Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, with whom he was paired, that he could not deem it fair to hold him to the pair and would, therefore, release him in order that he might vote.

The test vote quite naturally was on the amendment offered by Senator Turpie recognizing the independence of the Cuban republic. It prevailed by a majority of 14, the vote being 51 to 37. By political parties, the vote was cast as follows: Yeas—Republican, 11; Democrats, 21; Pops, 7; Silver Republicans, 5. Nays—Republicans, 32; Democrats, 5.

Upon the final vote the alignment of parties was quite different from that on the Turpie amendment. An analysis of it is as follows: Yeas—Republicans, 24; Democrats, 31; Populists, 7; Silver Republicans, 5.—total 67. Nays—Republicans, 19; Democrats, 2—total 21.

Senator Cannon, Utah, opened the debate this morning. He spoke for sharp intervention, saying that the surest way to peace was through the gates of war.

In accordance with his previous notice Senator Teller offered a substitute for the pending Cuban resolution, including a distinct disavowal of any purpose of conquest on our part.

Senator Allen, Nebraska, protested against the "interference of the powers."

Senator Burgess, Michigan, supported the position assumed in this crisis by the President and argued against the recognition of the present republic of Cuba.

Senator Platt, Connecticut, who in accordance with the agreement reached last night was accorded a half hour's time, devoted it to a strong and afluent expression of his hope for peace and a defence of the President.

A strong appeal for recognition of the independence of the present Cuban republic was then made by Senator Bacon, of Georgia. In beginning he said it was unfair to charge that all Senators who differed from the President upon this question were hostile to him. He did not approve the President's message in its entirety because it was impossible for him to grant such power to a President as Mr. McKinley evidently desired. Mr. Bacon closed by saying: "Unfortunately, I differ from the President in his recommendation. The President asks Congress to clothe him with the power to wage war at his discretion. I think it would be unconstitutional to grant him that power and consequently I cannot agree with him. The resolutions passed by the House of Representatives in my opinion practically propose to confer upon him this power. Therefore, under no circumstances ccould I in view of my constitutional obligations vote for those resolutions; but that is not hostility to the President. In the same way I regard the recognition of the independence of the Cubans as an essential in case of intervention. The President thinks it should not be accorded them. My colleague (Senator Clay) has already spoken upon this subject, and will probably not again have an opportunity to address the Senate upon it. Therefore, I take occasion to say for him that as to these positions which would make it impossible for me to vote for the House resolutions he agrees with me."

Senator Wellington, of Maryland, followed Senator Bacon. He said he was thoroughly satisfied that there was no good reason for the United States going to war with Spain.

After Senator Kenney, Delaware, had stated his position in favor of the recognition of independence, the debate came to an abrupt close. Senator Hale and several other Senators who were scheduled to present their views refrained.

The first vote was taken on the amendment of the minority of the Foreign Relations Committee, which provided for the recognition by the United States of the "Republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island." It was adopted —51 to 37.

Senator Davis then offered an amendment as an additional section as follows: "That the United States hereby disclaim any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof, and assert its determination when that is accomplished to leave the government and control of the island to its people." It was adopted without a dissenting vote.

Senator Frye moved to strike out of the first section declaring that the people of the island of Cuba "are and of right ought to be free and independent," the words "are and of right." On motion of Senator Davis the motion was laid on the table—55 to 63.

Senator Morgan then offered his substitute for a declaration of war. It was laid on the table—yeas 82, nays 5.

The supreme moment had come. Senator Hale, of Maine, who has been the mainstay of the opposition to radical action on the Cuban question ever since its inception in Congress arose. He fired the last shot in his locker in protest. He said the action the Senate was about to take would bring it into deadlock with the President, as shown by his message. Senator Hale made a strong defence of the President's action. He claimed the Democrats were trying to make politics out of the situation and warned them that they would not succeed.

Senator Allison, Iowa, and Senator Aldrich, Rhode Island, made earnest pleas that the Senate follow the course indicated by the President.

In reply to Senator Aldrich and to others who had just spoken Senator Jones, Arkansas, declared that it was the wish of a large majority of Congress and the people that the resolution adopted should recognize the Cuban republic's independence and the events leading up to the present situation fully justified the friends of independence in assuming the position they had taken. The President had disappointed the people by not saying he intended the independence of Cuba.

The vote on Senator Davis' motion to strike out all after the resolving clause of the House resolution and insert the Senate resolutions as amended was carried by a vote of 60 to 28.

At five minutes past 9 o'clock the third and final reading of the resolution as amended was begun, amid much suppressed excitement, although there was but little display of feeling.

Immediately afterward came the question, "Shall the resolutions pass?" There was a general demand for yea and nay expression on the question, and a roll call was ordered. It proceeded in the midst of a profound calm, which was only disturbed by the monotonous call of the names by the clerk and the almost equally monotonous responses of the Senators themselves.

The roll call resulted in the passage of the resolutions by the vote of 67 to 21, and was as follows:

Yeas—Allen, Bacon, Baker, Bate, Berry, Butler, Cannon, Carter, Chandler, Chilton, Clark, Clay, Cockrell, Cullen, Daniel, Davis, Debee, Faulkner, Foraker, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, German, Gray, Haasbrough, Harris, Heitfeld, Jones (Arkansas), Jones (Nevada), Kenney, Kyle, Lodge, Lindsey, McEnery, McLaurin, Mallory, Mantle, Martin, Mason, Mills, Mitchell, Money, Morgan, Murphy, Nelson, Pasco, Penrose, Perkins, Pettigrew, Pettus, Proctor, Quay, Rawlins, Roach, Shoup, Smith, Stewart, Teller, Thurston, Tillman, Turley, Turner, Turpie, Vest, Warren, Wilson and Wolcott—67.

Nays—Aldrich, Allison, Burrows, Caffery, Elkins, Fairbanks, Hale, Hanna, Hawley, Hoar, McBride, McMillan, Morrill, Platt (Connecticut), Platt (New York), Pritchard, Sewell, Spooner, Wellington, Wetmore, White.—21.

There was some confusion but no demonstration when the result was announced.

The title and preamble of the Senate resolution were then substituted for the House title and preamble without division.

Senator Davis moved that the Senate should insist upon its amendment and ask for a conference. This request was met with cries of "No!" "No!" and it was soon made manifest that many Senators considered that there was a possibility that the House would concur with the Senate. Upon this suggestion Senator Davis withdrew his motion and in its stead entered a motion to adjourn.

At 9.15 P. M. the Senate adjourned until Monday.

House of Representatives.

At the opening of the session of the House to-day, General Wheeler, Democrat, Alabama, made a personal explanation in connection with some criticism of a letter he had written to Governor Johnston of Alabama. Some unimportant minor bills were passed, by unanimous consent.

Mr. Dingley at 1.30 P. M. moved that the House adjourn. Mr. Bailey suggested the advisability of a recess until 8 to 10 o'clock to await the action of the Senate, but on Mr. Dingley's statement that the Senate was not likely to act before midnight, he yielded, but modified his motion to make it a recess until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

At 1.40 P. M. the recess was taken.

HAVANA ADVICES.

Disturbance in Matanzas Caused by the New Tax on Provisions—Great Anxiety Among All Classes.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, April 16.—Advices received here from Matanzas say there was much alarm in that city yesterday owing to the new tax on provisions. The stores were all closed, and as the bakers were not working there was no bread in town. In addition there was a scarcity of other food of all descriptions. This aroused the people, and groups of the inhabitants paraded the streets, shouting against the tax. The police eventually interfered, and made several arrests among the merchants of the town.

The Spanish steamer Montevideo arrived here from Barcelona to-day. She had on board 300 soldiers to reinforce the troops here, and fourteen deported men.

The value of Spanish money is going down, and the prices of provisions are going up. There is more and more anxiety expressed to know the result of the crisis. Business is slow and the state of uncertainty causes depression among all classes. Everybody here seems eager for a quick solution of the question, one way or the other.

The evening papers continue their attacks on Consul General Fitzhugh Lee in most violent terms.

To-morrow is the day appointed by law for the elections.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

SENATE CUBAN RESOLUTIONS.

Full Text of the Measure With the Turpie Amendment as Adopted.

BY A VOTE OF 67 TO 21.

For the Recognition of Independence of the People and the Republic of Cuba and Demanding That Spain Relinquish the Island.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The action of the Senate leaves the Cuban resolution in the following status:

The House heading, number and enacting clause, the Senate preamble resolution, the Turpie amendment and a fourth paragraph proposed by Senator Teller. In full it is as follows:

"Joint resolution for the recognition of the independence of the people and republic of Cuba, demanding that the government of Spain relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba, and to withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and directing the President of the United States to use the land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect:

"WHEREAS, The abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, have been a disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating, as they have in the destruction of a United States battleship, with two hundred and sixty-six of its officers and crew, while on a friendly visit in the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured, as has been set forth by the President of the United States in his message to Congress of April 11th, 1898, upon which the action of Congress was invited; Therefore,

"*Resolved*, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

"First—That the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right ought to be, free and independent, and that the government of the United States hereby recognizes the Republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of the island.

"Second—That it is the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

"Third—That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into the actual service of the United States the militia of the several States, to such extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect.

"Fourth—That the United States hereby disclaim any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty, jurisdiction or control over said island, except for the pacification thereof; and assert their determination when that is accomplished to leave the government and control of the island to its people."

BASE BALL SCORES.

Games of the National League—A Row at the New York-Boston Game.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The New York-Boston game ended in a disgraceful manner this afternoon. Exceptions were taken by the spectators at decisions, which allowed two runs being scored against the home team, and the putting out of the game of Gleason for kicking his glove to show his displeasure at the decisions. Approaching the grand stand to eject a spectator who had hurled an epithet at him, umpire Snyder was met by a volley of cushions, while curses and cries of "Lynch him!" "Kill him!" rent the air. After a time the game was resumed, but on its termination a squad of policemen had to escort Snyder from the grounds. Attendance 18,000. Score: New York, 2; Boston, 4.

Philadelphia-Philadelphia, 6; Brooklyn, 7.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 8; Washington, 3.

St. Louis—St. Louis-Chicago game was stopped on account of fire in the grand stand at the end of the first inning.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 1; Cleveland, 3.

Louisville-Louisville, 1; Pittsburg, 3.

Chapel Hill, N. C.—University of North Carolina, 10; Harvard 10.

SPANISH TORPEDO BOATS.

Reports That a Flotilla is Cruising in the British Channel Discredited.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 16.—A vessel which arrived here to-day reports having seen a Spanish torpedo flotilla in the British channel.

FALMOUTH, ENG., April 16.—The skippers of all the vessels which have arrived here during the day discredit the Southampton report of a Spanish torpedo flotilla having been seen in the channel. Tugs which have been cruising in the channel for the past twenty-four hours have not seen any Spanish vessels.

WARM WIRELETS.

The American line steamer St. Paul chartered by the United States government for service as an auxiliary cruiser, arrived at New York yesterday.

At Augusta, Ga., last night, fire destroyed about two thousand bales of cotton, the property of J. H. Sloan. Loss about $65,000, insurance about $60,000.

A report is current at St. Thomas that five warships passed the island Friday to the northward. They are said to have been going in a westerly direction.

General Wilson, chief of engineers, has been given an allotment of $65,000 from the emergency fund for establishing temporary batteries on the coast of Georgia, Florida and Texas.

Consul General Lee, accompanied by Miss Cisneros, arrived in Richmond, Va., last night. There was no demonstration. Miss Cisneros will be the guest of General Lee's family during her stay.

THAT TIRED FEELING is due to impoverished blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla enriches and vitalizes the blood and gives strength and energy and vigor. Be sure to get Hood's. †

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable and not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c. †

REVENUE MEASURE TO PROSECUTE WAR.

A Bill Prepared that Will Raise Over $100,000,000 Per Annum Additional Revenue.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee of the House have practically completed the preparation of the revenue measure which will be passed to raise revenue sufficient to prosecute the war. The members propose that the present generation shall bear the burdens of the war, and proceeding upon that theory they have prepared a bill that will raise between $100,000,000 or $120,000,000 additional revenue per annum. The bill will provide for an additional tax of one dollar per barrel upon beer; on manufactured tobacco and snuff the internal revenue tax will be increased from six to twelve cents. The increase on cigars and cigarettes has not been absolutely fixed, but it probably will be one dollar on all classes. The proposition which the Senate placed on the tariff bill, but which went out in conference to tax all stocks and transfers of corporations is embodied in the measure, together with practically all the scheme of internal revenue taxation of the act of 1866, which includes a stamp tax on all checks, drafts, and all instrumets of business—mortgages, loans and bonds. A tax on patent and proprietary medicines and a tax on telegraph messages and express packages is also incorporated in the bill. This scheme of taxation is estimated to raise $35,000,000.

The tax on proprietary and patent medicines will be two cents on packages or bottles retailing at 25 cents or under, and four cents on those retailing above that price. The tax on telegraph messages will be one cent on all messages which cost 25 cents or less, and two cents on all above 25 cents. A duty of ten cents per pound is placed upon tea and three cents per pound upon coffee.

Bottled waters are to bear a tax similar to patent medicines. For the pressing needs of the government the Secretary of the Treasury is given the general power to issue certificates of indebtedness payable in one year and to bear not to exceed 3 per cent. interest. The Secretary of the Treasury is also authorized to borrow on the credit of the government by popular subscription of a loan of $500,000,000. This loan is to be placed through the postoffices of the country, the subtreasuries and government depositories in low-rate bonds, which are to be sold at par. They are to bear 3 per cent. interest and to be redeemable after five years at the option of the government and to be due in twenty years. The principal and interest are to be payable in coin.

BRYAN AND CUBA.

Great Gathering in Boston to Hear the Free Silver Champion.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, April 16.—Fifteen thousand persons crowded into Mechanics Hall to-night to hear William Jennings Bryan discuss the question of bimetallism. Mr. Bryan was cheered to the echo when he was introduced. He read a bulletin which had just been handed him by an Associated Press representative, announcing the passage of the Turpie Cuban recognition resolution by the Senate. This announcement caused the wildest enthusiasm and as Mr. Bryan waved a silken Cuban flag which had been thrown to him, men and women all over the hall cheered wildly.

The Dear Child.

Little Tommie—Sister Lillian likes to have you come here.

Mr. Simperling—Aw, indeed! How do you know that?

Little Tommie—Well, people always like what makes them glad, don't they?

Mr. Simperling—Generally. But how do you know I make her glad?

Little Tommie—I heard her tellin one of the other girls today that she just had to laugh every time she looked at you.—Cleveland Leader.

South.

"Have you ever traveled in the south?" asked the New Orleans man of the chap from Bangor, Me.

"Oh, yes, indeed," said the Maine man. "I have been to Boston and New York."—Harper's Bazar.

In the Baltic sea there is an island of Denmark called Bornholm which consists almost entirely of magnetite. It is much dreaded by navigators because it renders steering a ship by means of a needle impossible.

When Travelling,

Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

General Miles says that the movement of troops to the South, will not begin until Monday morning at the earliest.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.
feb 1 1y su we fr

BIT OF HUMAN NATURE.

A Hasty Conclusion About a Woman That Was Changed Later.

Two little girls occupied seats together on an elevated train the other night. Both were scantily dressed, hollow eyed and hungry looking. They were unmistakably of that class known as "cashgirls" employed in the down town department stores, for each addressed the other by a number in lieu of a name.

Directly opposite them sat a fashionably dressed woman who was accompanied by a well groomed male escort. Upon their entrance the conversation of the little girls stopped abruptly and there was something pitiful in the earnestness with which both watched every move of the woman so stunningly gowned. Two pairs of abnormally keen though tired eyes thoroughly investigated every bit of finery in her apparel, from the highest plume of her hat to the soft, natty shoes which incased her shapely feet.

"Say, 76," whispered the smaller of the two girls, leaning toward her companion, "she's a real lady, she is. You can tell by her make up. Ain't that a beaut of a hat, though? And look at that diamond breastpin! Whew! I'll bet that hat cost all of"—

"Sh!" interrupted 76 in an undertone. "She'll hear you." There was a spell of silence as both girls leaned back with their heads resting against the top of the seat. They were enjoying the dazzling picture before them.

After glancing over a section of a newspaper which the man had given her the woman folded it up and handed it back to him.

"Did you get the tickets?" she asked.

"Yes," was the answer in an indifferent tone.

"Let me see them."

He extracted a small envelope from his vest pocket and handed it to her. "By the way," he remarked, "we will have to go tonight. I couldn't get good seats for tomorrow, and rather than miss it I took these."

"Tonight?" she repeated in a tone of vexation. "You know well enough that we can't go tonight. We have another engagement"—

"Which we can conveniently cancel," he interpolated.

"Indeed we will not," she retorted, with a determined stamp of her foot.

A protracted argument followed which was not too low for the cashgirls to learn the drift.

"You can go to Mrs. Brown's alone," finally exclaimed the man, "and I will take your mother to the theater! We can call for you on our way home if you insist on going."

"You'll not go to the theater with anybody. You must and will go to Mrs. Brown's with me." Thus asserting herself, she deliberately tore the envelope containing the tickets in minute parts and threw them on the floor.

They left the train at the next station, he with a disgusted look on his face and she with head erect and a defiant glare in her bright eyes.

Scarcely had the rustle of her garments ceased to be heard when 76 sagely observed: "You're all off, 27. She ain't a real lady. It's only her fine duds what makes you think so. She's only an imitation, and no clerk would take her to a window if she wanted to make a sale."—Boston Herald.

POOR JIM'S JOKE.

It Was to Have Hit a Red Whiskered Man, but Didn't.

Just as the stage road over the mountain made a sharp turn to the right I caught sight of a grave and a rude headboard, and when the driver was asked about it he replied:

"That's the grave of Jim Burns, an old friend of mine who was killed thar' two y'ars ago."

"Killed by Indians?" I asked.

"No, sir. No Injuns around yere to kill anybody."

"A bear, perhaps?"

"No, sir. Pore old Jim was killed fur a joke, and I'm not feelin easy about it yit. I was comin over this trail with five passengers, and when we stopped down at Murphy's fur dinner, same as today, one of the passengers came to me and sez:

"'Tom, mebbe you hev noticed that feller among us with the red whiskers and a loud voice? He's sassy, and he's full o' brag, and we want to humble him into the dust.'

"'How you going to do it?' sez I.

"'We'll put up a job on him,' sez he. 'He's blowin around that this stage can't be robbed while he's along. If you'll git somebody to hold us up and humble old red whiskers, we'll make up a purse o' $50.'"

"It was to be a joke?" I queried.

"Yes, a joke on the old red whiskered man," replied the driver. "Jim Burns happened to be thar that day, and as he was a great hand fur a joke I put up the job with him. I gin him half an hour the start and then followed on, and as soon as we started the passengers began to work up the man. He had a couple o' guns with him, and I could h'ar him blowin and bluffin as to what he would do if the stage was stopped. It jest tickled me, fur Jim was an ugly looking kuss and had a voice on him like the growl o' a b'ar. I cakerlated he'd make red whiskers go down in his butes at the fust yell."

"Well, the stage reached the turn," I said.

"It natcherally did, sah. When we reached the turn, I slowed up a leetle, and Jim jumped out and yelled fur hands up. I pulled up the horses, and he hollered fur the passengers to git down. Lord, how Jim hollered! You could hev heard him two miles away. Everybody got down, and the passengers in the joke purtended to be half skeert to death."

"But how about red whiskers?"

"Fur about a minit or two he 'peared to be ready to collapse, but then he pulled himself together, and it was bad for pore Jim Burns. He had a gun in both hands, an he opened fire and shot to kill. I don't know how many bullets he fired into Jim, but it wasn't less'n six, and then he put in half an hour scoutin around to see if any more robbers was at hand."

"Then the joke was not a success!"

"Not akasely, sah—not akasely. I got my $50, but Jim Burns is lyin back thar, while the red whiskered man was so mad about the put up job that he driv' all the other passengers out of the stage and made 'em walk 15 miles. I'm a great hand fur a joke, sah, but I ain't jokin no more—not with red whiskered men. They may be great hands to brag, but they is also loaded fur b'ar."—Atlanta Constitution.

According to the computation of Villalpandus, the cost of Solomon's temple was $77,581,965,625.

The C. W. Polvogt Co

WILMINGTON, N. C.

PARISIAN NOVELTY DRESS PATTERNS.

During this week we shall exhibit a handsome and varied collection of exclusive designs in high priced Novelties at low prices in all the new and leading shades.

New Black Silks! New Fancy Silks!

French Organdies 15, 20, 25 and 30 cents.
French Madras, very wide, 15 cents.
Linen Crash for skirts 15 and 20 cents.
Jewel Belts—2 to $1.50 in silver, gold and oxidize.



Our Infant and Children's Lace Caps

have arrived, 25c to $2.00.

Write for samples and mention this paper.

Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns, ap 17 tf

TO THE PUBLIC!

Notwithstanding we are moving one of our Ice Machines away from here, we still have a capacity to make 85 tons of Ice per day, which is four times as much as has ever been consumed in Wilmington, including the Sounds, Beaches and Southport, in any one day. Until further notice we will sell you Ice at the following prices:

In lots of 10 to 25 Pounds, 35c per 100.
In lots of 25 lbs and less than a ton, 25c per 100
In one to two ton lots, $3.50 per ton.
In lots of one ton or over at Factory, $2.50 ton.

We respectfully solicit your patronage.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

mar 19 tf

The American line steamer New York, chartered by the United States government, passed Hurst Castle, Eng., yesterday evening, having received urgent orders from Washington to start for the United States without delay. She had no passengers on board.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—Situation for two young ladies, with dressmaker, in store, companion to invalid lady, with nice family to sew, or any kind of nice work. Reference given and required. Address "X," Ivanhoe, N. C. ap 17 1t*

Rooms for Rent, furnished or unfurnished, separately or for housekeeping. Large, pleasant rooms; central locality. Call, 120 South Fifth street. apr 11*

Salesman—$5 a day. No canvassing. No liveries. No collections. Samples free. Side line or exclusive. Mfrs., 3941 Market St., Philamar 5 4t su

Energetic Salesmen—School supplies. Country work. $100 salary and liberal additional commissions. R. O. Evans & Company, Chicago. sun apr 3 2t*

For Choice dressed and live Poultry, N. C Hams, Dried Fish Roe, Vegetables and Fruit, call on H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street, Hiram Moore's old stand. Everything sold at lowest market prices. ap 16 tf

Lost, yesterday afternoon, a black feather boa. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving at A. Shrier's, 114 Market street. ap 15 3t

Berry Crates—Baskets for beans and peas, barrels for lettuce and potatoes, hay, grain, flour, Pratts food, magic food, horse and cattle powders, chicken powders and all kinds of mixed food. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Bell Phone 92, Inter-State Phone No. 92. ap 14 tf

For Sale—A first-class retail Liquor Business. The reason for selling bad health. Address L. West, care STAR. ap 8 tf

M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street, solicits consignments of Chickens, Eggs, Hides, Wax, N. C. Bacon and all classes of produce. Beef Cattle and Milch Cows a specialty. April 2, '98. apr 3 tf

Just Received—Choice Bananas, 15 and 20c per dozen; Florida and Seedless Oranges, 20 and 25c; California Navels, 30 and 40c; Jamaica, 40 and 50c. Confectioneries equally low. N. Paul, 204 Princess street. mar 29 tf

Your Country Produce—Ship your country produce to L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street, for good prices and prompt returns. Chickens, Eggs, Peas, etc., for the city trade. feb 24 tf

Ladies Wanted to travel and appoint agents for old established house. Permanent position; $40 per month and all expenses. Z., Box 81, Philadelphia Pa. de 18 D&W tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable. The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candles, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 118 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



A Fresh Supply of All Kinds of Duttenhofer's and Mundell's

FINE SHOES

JUST RECEIVED.

Look in Our Show Window.

We invite the Ladies especially to try these Shoes.
We keep at the same old place, 68½ steps east from corner of Front and Princess streets.

MERCER & EVANS.

ap 17 tf

Fruit! Fruit! Fruit!

Choice Grape Fruit.

Also 50 Boxes Florida, Navel and West India

ORANGES

at New York price of $2.50 per box, or 25 and 30 cents dozen.

100 Bunches Bananas

Consigned; will sell you Friday and Saturday at 1 cent each.

PALACE BAKERY.

ap 13 tf 17 South Second Street.

If Alive

You cannot afford to pass my place of business without coming in to inspect my elegant line of

SHOES, HATS

AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

All of which are the latest designs for this Spring. Remember no body urges to buy. All I ask is a look and be convinced that I will save you money on any article sold in my line.

A. SHRIER,

ap 13 tf 114 Market street.

TUBE-ROSE BULBS.

We have quite a nice lot of **Tube-rose Bulbs on hand at**

10 Cents Per Dozen.

Specially low price to any one purchasing from 100 to 1,000.

EASTER EGG DYES,
FLOWER SEEDS,
NURSING BOTTLES,

any everything else pertaining to the Drug business.

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building.
mar 11 tf Wilmington, N. C.

There is Nothing Better Than CUBAN BLOSSOM CIGARS. RENOWN CIGARS, Topical Twist Head Cigars.

Every business place in town handles these goods. Prices cheerfully sent.

We are packers of provisions and handle a complete line of Meats of every kind, including Armour & Co., Chicago.

Canned Meats,
"Shield Brand" Lard.
Compound Lard.
Pic-Nic Hams.
Regular Hams, &c., &c.

WE SELL

"Stocks" Best Flour,

"Q" "Q" "Q" "Q."

None better sold.

Vollers & Hashagen,

ap 3 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

A Small Lot of *TROPICAL BRAND*

SUGAR CURED HAMS

Just arrived, which we will close out at 10c per pound. May not have any more at this price.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

B. F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.
ap 12 tf

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.



STORES, OFFICES AND DWELLings for rent.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. se 6 tf

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day, According to Location.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office.
feb 26 tf Goldsboro, N. C.